

Herald Tribune

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WEEKLY WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: occasional showers. Temp. 50-55 (13-15). cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 55-54 (13-12). N. Partly cloudy. Temp. 55-48 (13-9). W. Partly cloudy. Temp. 55-54 (13-9). CHAMPAIGN: rough. ROADS: clear. Temp. 55-54 (13-9). NEW YORK: cloudy with showers. Temp. 55-54 (13-9). Yesterday's temp. 55-54 (13-9).

Austria	..... 5	Lebanon	..... 90 P.
Belgium	..... 12	Luxembourg	..... 12 P.
Denmark	..... 22	Morocco	..... 12 P.
France	..... 12	Netherlands	..... 1 P.
Germany	..... 12	Portugal	..... 22 P.
Greece	..... 12	Spain	..... 12 P.
India	..... 12	Sweden	..... 12 P.
Iran	..... 12	Switzerland	..... 12 P.
Italy	..... 12	Turkey	..... 12 P.
Japan	..... 12	U.S. Military	..... 12 P.
South Korea	..... 12	Yugoslavia	..... 12 P.

7,923

PARIS, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1972

Established 1887

Top IRA en Held, Army Says

Offs Said to Be Trying to Pay

PARIS, Oct. 23.—Five high-ranking IRA Provisional officers reported to have been arrested by British troops today. The same time in London, troops reported that they arrested 70 IRA suspects and suspected members of the Irish Ulster Defense Association during the past week. The men were held on weapons charges.

An army spokesman in Belfast said that tipoffs residents, both Catholics and Protestants, were beginning to off.

An army spokesman in Belfast only confirm today that men were arrested in the Lodge Road district. But military sources said that men who were arrested after off were "company officer."



DELICATE NEGOTIATIONS—Turkish Ambassador Nihat Dinc (right) listening to a hijacker state his terms in Sofia yesterday. The men surrendered last night.

Turkish Hijackers Give Up, Release Passengers in Sofia

SOFIA, Oct. 23 (UPI)—Four Turkish hijackers surrendered today, ending a two-day ordeal for the planeload of hostages they had threatened to blow up with the aircraft, BTA, the official Bulgarian news agency, reported.

The four gave themselves up after holding the passengers and crew of a Turkish Airlines Boeing-707 at gunpoint since yesterday morning.

The four men surrendered to Bulgarian authorities, BTA said, and were brought before journalists. The 52 passengers and crewmen on the aircraft were released unharmed.

Earlier tonight, doctors were allowed aboard the airliner and later reported that several of the passengers were suffering nervous effects from their ordeal but were otherwise well.

The hijackers, all university students, told officials in Sofia that their aim was to "tear down the Turkish regime and set up a Marxist-Leninist system."

Officials here said they would be granted political asylum in Bulgaria.

BTA said, "All the necessary measures have been taken to assure the safe and rapid return of the passengers, crew and plane to Turkey."

The surrender came after lengthy negotiations between the hijackers and Bulgarian officials.

"The government of the People's Republic of Bulgaria made every effort and succeeded in preventing the tragic consequences of any possible acts of the armed persons who hijacked the plane," BTA said.

The hijackers had twice set deadlines for the Turkish government to meet their demands. They had threatened to blow up the plane and everyone aboard should Turkey reject them.

The deadline passed without incident after the Turkish government announced that it would not negotiate with the four men.

The hijackers commandeered the Turkish Airlines Boeing-707 early yesterday morning on a flight from Istanbul to Ankara. It landed in Sofia at 6:20 a.m. with a total of 71 passengers—including the hijackers—and nine crewmembers on board.

The hijackers demanded freedom for 13 political prisoners in Turkey and major social reforms there.

BTA said that Turkey told the Bulgarians that the security of the passengers and crew was in the hands of Bulgaria.

Premier Stanko Todorov, in a message to Turkish President Ferit Melen, said, "Instead of your government giving the necessary cooperation in this tragic case, it is making an absurd attempt to shift the responsibility to the government of Bulgaria."

Underwater Rock Music to Scare the Fish

ERIE, Pa., Oct. 23 (AP)—The Pennsylvania Electric Co. says it is going to attempt to scare gizzard shad from waters near its facilities by broadcasting rock music on underwater loudspeakers.

The utility says the fish die from a lack of oxygen when they are drawn by heated water from the firm's water discharge pipes in Lake Erie.

The utility company says it's using rock and other contemporary music because scientists have advised that fish can become accustomed to less jarring music.

Nov. 22 in Helsinki NATO Allies Agree to Open Security Talks With Russia

By David Haworth

BRUSSELS, Oct. 23 (AP)—The NATO allies announced today that they have agreed to begin talks with the Soviet Union in Helsinki next month that could lead to an East-West security détente.

Sources said the talks would begin on Nov. 22.

This means that the United States will now formally reply to the letter given to Henry A. Kissinger, the President's special adviser, when he visited Moscow last month, suggesting security conference preliminary talks should start soon. It also accepts that there should be a meeting of foreign ministers representing the West and the Soviet bloc next June to discuss security matters.

The NATO reply, however, while suggesting that mutual and balanced force reduction talks with Moscow should begin before the end of January, hints that if the Russians do not show good faith in these and the security conference talks, the proposed foreign ministers' meeting could be called off.

There is widespread relief that, after many months of delay, agreement to talk has finally been reached. The recent cliff-hanging was a source of some friction between the United States and its NATO partners, and the evident understanding reached between President Nixon and the Soviet party leader, Leonid Brezhnev, on crucial policy matters, had boosted the fears of many European countries that a U.S.-Soviet deal would be reached.

Late Difficulties

Until today's announcement was made there was a strong impression that the United States would prefer to discuss troop cuts with Moscow on a bilateral basis, leaving U.S. allies to cool their heels until agreement was reached.

Today's announcement had been expected for the last week. There were, however, last-minute difficulties with the NATO allies on the southern flank: Italy, Greece and Turkey.

The U.S. has taken the view that the talks would proceed more successfully if there were as few as possible round the negotiating table, but these three countries insisted on being represented in the troop-level discussions.

It has taken time to get them to agree to a formula which allows them to be represented on a rotation basis and with the right to speak at certain points of what are clearly going to be deeply complex and difficult negotiations.

No site for the mutual and balanced force reduction talks has yet been fixed. Geneva has been proposed, but the U.S. is known to have reservations about this and prefers instead to hold them in Vienna.

The U.S. has made clear to its allies its fear that the security conference might become inextricably mixed up with troop reduction talks. Should this happen, Washington is understood to believe that both would be a failure. An understanding with Moscow seems to have been reached, however, that the security conference preparations.

Second Meeting Set Thursday

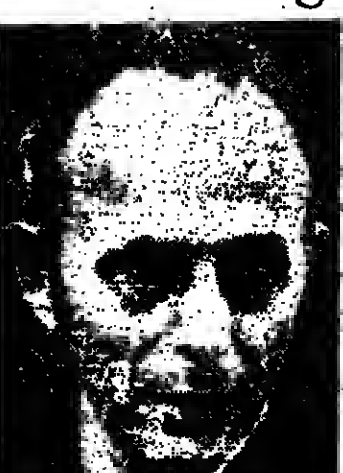
Big Four Open Talks on Rights in Germany

BERLIN, Oct. 23 (AP)—The four powers opened an inter-Allied dialogue today on clarifying responsibilities in Germany. The talks take into consideration future membership in the United Nations for both East and West Germany.

A spokesman spoke of "a realistic atmosphere."

ambassadors of the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union will meet again today.

Saturday, few observers expected the talks to open. It appears that a series of two-week meetings is in prospect.



Martin J. Hillenbrand

This referred especially to Berlin, the source said, and involved such matters as the stationing of Allied garrisons in West Berlin and their access to East Berlin.

It is the Allied aim, sources added, to produce a statement reaffirming four-power rights in Germany.

The prospect of UN membership raised questions on Allied

Thieu Tells Provincial Aides To Prepare for a Cease-Fire

Hanoi Aide Sees Problem 'Not Settled'

PARIS, Oct. 23.—A North Vietnamese spokesman declared today that "the Vietnam problem is still not settled, the war happens to be prolonged and intensified."

The Hanoi official said: "In these circumstances, world opinion cannot help asking the following question: Does the Nixon administration really want serious negotiations or does it still engage in maneuvers aimed at deceiving public opinion?"

Nguyen Thanh Le, spokesman for the North Vietnamese delegation to the Paris peace talks, added that "if the negotiations do not achieve results, if the war in Vietnam still goes on, the Nixon administration must bear the entire responsibility."

Mr. Le issued the statement, he said, in response to newsmen's queries concerning the Vietnam negotiations.

The statement also said: "At the present time, all conditions are combined for a rapid settlement of the Vietnam problem. For our part, our position is correct, logical and reasonable. We have shown proof of maximum good will."

Laotian Premier Prince Souvanna Phouma said here today he expects a cease-fire in Indochina to be announced before the end of the month, but that peace itself will come only later.

Prince Souvanna, who arrived in Paris over the weekend and will go to Washington Wednesday, cautioned that peace will take longer to work out than an armistice because of the varying conditions in Laos, Cambodia and Vietnam.

He said he did not expect the North Vietnamese to stop using the Ho Chi Minh Trail cutting across eastern Laos until there is final peace both in Vietnam and Cambodia.



South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu.

As Kissinger Leaves After 5-Day Talks

By Lee Lescaze

SAIGON, Oct. 23 (AP)—President Nguyen Van Thieu instructed provincial officials today to take propaganda and security measures in preparation for a cease-fire.

Mr. Thieu met the officials shortly after his sixth and last session with U.S. presidential adviser Henry Kissinger, who left Saigon for Washington to report to President Nixon.

Although Mr. Thieu moved quickly to inform his provincial political leaders, information service chiefs and security officers that they should be ready for a cease-fire, there were indications from Americans and Vietnamese that many problems remain to be settled between the two allies.

Officials who listened to Mr. Thieu said he stressed his opposition to the tripartite coalition that has been proposed by the Communists, despite the apparent end of his resistance to a cease-fire.

Thieu Leverage

Mr. Thieu is well aware that a cease-fire alone, with no South Vietnamese promise of cooperation in reaching a political settlement with the Communists, is not a proposal the United States can sell to Hanoi.

His apparent willingness to agree to a cease-fire in principle will not lead to an end to the war unless he can also be persuaded to make political concessions.

The official Vietnam Press news agency reported today that public demonstrations opposing a tripartite coalition have taken place in Vinh Long, Quang Tin and Kien Hoa Provinces. Observers expect that the government will encourage more such demonstrations as part of a campaign to give Mr. Thieu added bargaining power in future talks with the United States.

The American Embassy issued a brief statement shortly after Mr. Kissinger's departure. It was worded more like an official comment on negotiations between adversaries than allies.

"We have made progress," the statement said, recalling public American government descriptions of talks, Peking meetings and Moscow summit. "Talks will continue between us and the government."

U.S. Reports 3 MiGs Downed; Clashes Go On in S. Vietnam

SAIGON, Oct. 23 (AP)—U.S. Air Force jets shot down three North Vietnamese MiG-21s in a dogfight west of Hanoi eight days ago, the U.S. command announced today.

There were no U.S. losses, a spokesman said. He said the kills were not confirmed until today and that was why the announcement was delayed.

Eight F-4 Phantomies were escorting U.S. bombers when they engaged four MiG interceptors close to Hanoi and shot three of them down, the spokesman said.

The latest kills brought the number of MiGs shot down over North Vietnam since the beginning of the Indochina war to 177—66 of them this year. The United States has lost 71 aircraft to MiG interceptors, according to command figures.

140 Strikes on North

American planes flew only 140 strikes against military targets in North Vietnam yesterday but an Air Force spokesman said this was because of bad weather.

The command said more than 20 B-52 bombers raised supply dumps in the southern panhandle of North Vietnam today.

On the ground, North Vietnamese and Viet Cong units interrupted traffic in the Saigon area, according to field reports. They moved into positions on both sides of the road close to the village of Bung Cau from which they had been cleared only two days ago. They were beaten off in an attack on another hamlet.

Communist forces kept up their resumed offensive in the Central Highlands, concentrating their attacks around the city of Pleiku. They blew up a bridge on Highway 14, south of the city, and government troops, backed by tanks and supported by air strikes,

36 Soviet Jews Are Notified That Exit Tax Will Be Waived

MOSCOW, Oct. 23 (AP)—Thirty-six Soviet Jews—including a man separated from his American bride—were told today that they could leave Russia without paying a special tax, Jewish sources reported.

The "diploma tax" now has been waived for 175 persons since the United States and the Soviet Union signed a trade agreement last week. There was still no indication, however, that the authorities had repealed the tax.

Among the 36 who were told today that they could leave without paying the government-estimated cost of their higher education was Gavriel Shapiro.

Mr. Shapiro, 27, married Judy Silver of Cincinnati here in June. His bride was forced to leave the country and, soon afterward, Mr. Shapiro was convicted for draft evasion.

Mrs. Shapiro heard about her husband's release when she made the latest in a series of telephone calls to him in Moscow.

Her call was made routinely at a news conference in Syracuse, N.Y., to dramatize conditions of Jewish citizens in the Soviet Union. This time, however, she said her husband greeted her with the word that moments before he had been granted a visa to leave the country.

"I don't believe it! I just don't believe it!" she exclaimed as tears came to her eyes.

Meanwhile, a young Soviet Jew, who was told last week that he could leave for Israel without paying the "diploma tax," was summoned to the passport office today, stripped of his visa and issued a conscription notice.

Andrei V. Dubrov, 22, said in a telephone interview that he was one of the 30 Jews who were told last Wednesday that they would be exempted from the tax if they left by Oct. 23.

Many Moscow Jews view the relaxation of the "diploma tax" assessments as a gesture to the U.S. Senate, which still must ratify the U.S.-Soviet trade agreement.



Gavriel Shapiro

have sponsored a resolution saying that they would not approve most-favored-nation status for Russia, a key part of the trade accord, unless the Russians lifted the education tax.

The tax was imposed on Aug. 3 by the Supreme Soviet, the legislature. It requires emigrants to reimburse the state for their schooling. Payments can go as high as \$30,000 a person.

Mr. Dubrov said that, after the exemptions were granted, he and his mother were issued Soviet exit visas and then obtained transit visas from the Italian Embassy to stop in Rome on a flight to Tel Aviv.

Mr. Dubrov said that he and his mother then went Friday to the state airline, Aeroflot, to buy the airline tickets. They were turned away and returned Saturday.

He said that a ticket agent assigned the task of issuing tickets to Jewish emigrants told them that she couldn't sell the tickets and that they should go to the Office of Visas and Foreign Registrations to clarify the matter.

At the office today, Mr. Dubrov was given a draft notice and both his and his mother's visas were canceled.

U.S. Oil Firm Chairman Presents Goya Painting to Russian Museum

MOSCOW, Oct. 23 (AP)—Armand Hammer, an American tycoon who lived in Russia and knew Lenin, today presented a Goya portrait to Leningrad's Hermitage Museum.

Mr. Hammer, 74-year-old chairman of Occidental Petroleum Corp., made the presentation at a Hermitage ceremony marking the opening of an exhibit of his vast private art collection.

An aide to Mr. Hammer said in Moscow that the decision to exhibit his collection in Russia was made last month when Mr. Hammer came here to work out a multimillion-dollar trade deal with the Soviet Union.

The aide said that Mr. Hammer decided to give the Goya, called "A Portrait of Dona Antonia Zaraté," to the Hermitage because it has no works by the Spanish painter among its rich variety of other European masters.

The aide said that the Goya portrait is valued at approximately \$1 million. Mr. Hammer acquired the Goya earlier this year.

Mr. Hammer went to Russia in 1921 as a young doctor and head of a mobile hospital unit to help combat a typhus epidemic that broke out during a famine.

His medical activities and efforts to import wheat from the United States brought him to Lenin's attention.

Under Lenin's New Economic Policy, which permitted a partial return to free enterprise, Mr. Hammer was offered the first mining and trade concessions in Soviet Russia. At one time, he represented by American companies in the Soviet Union and later received the only concession to make lead pencils.

Food, Fuel Shortage Grows As Walkout Spreads in Chile

SANTIAGO, Chile, Oct. 23 (AP)—A shortage of food and fuel in Santiago became more acute today as doctors, dentists and private schoolteachers joined a nationwide strike against Chile's leftist government.

The country's anti-Marxist opposition called for a "day of silence" tomorrow in which all those opposed to President Salvador Allende's programs to "lead Chile down the road to socialism" will stay home.

The Interior Ministry said that 34 persons were arrested yesterday after terrorist attacks in several parts of Chile. Twenty of the country's 25 provinces are under a state of emergency, a form of martial law.

But reliable news of events in

the interior was sketchy because the government last week assumed control of all Chilean radio stations.

This capital of three million inhabitants was feeling the pinch of a trucking strike which began Oct. 10 and a shopkeepers' strike which is more than a week old.

Gen. Hector Bravo Munoz, who heads the Santiago emergency zone, where a midnight-to-dawn curfew is in effect, banned the sale of gasoline to private motorists through the weekend.

When service stations, guarded by army troops, were allowed to reopen at dawn today, sales were further rationed.

Housewives found the selection of fruits and vegetables at Santiago markets small and prices high.

Tomatoes were selling for as much as \$2.60 for 2.2 pounds and apples for 20 cents apiece.

Milk Shortage

Neighborhood deliveries of fresh milk were sharply reduced and families were limited to two bottles each in one suburban neighborhood.

The government last week announced a ban on sales of beef until December, the Christmas holiday season. A ban on butter imports also has been announced, because of Chile's shortage of foreign reserves.

High-school and university students sympathetic to the government yesterday organized squads to unload food trucks and railroad cars in a "day of voluntary labor."

The truck owners and shopkeepers have vowed to strike indefinitely, until the Allende government promises to make no further inroads into private industry and business in Chile.

"We're not trying to get rid of Allende," one store owner said. "We're just trying to twist his arm a little bit."

Dockers Unload Chilean Copper

LEHAVRE, Oct. 23 (AP)—Dock workers today started unloading 2,050 tons of Chilean copper from the German freighter Birte Oledorff.

The Braden-Kennecott Copper Corp. had asked that the cargo be seized on the grounds that the American company had not been properly indemnified for nationalization of its properties in Chile. A Paris court granted the request but an appeals court stayed execution and has not yet given its ruling.

The copper was being loaded aboard trucks and rail cars for shipment to wire plants.

German Thieves Get 11 Paintings in Castle

ASCHAFENBURG, Germany, Oct. 23 (AP)—Eleven pictures from the Flemish school of Anthony Van Dyke were stolen from the chapel of Johannesburg Castle in this north Bavarian city, police reported today.

They said the burglars apparently entered through a window yesterday to get at the oil paintings, depicting various saints, including St. John and St. Philip and Christ on the cross.



HEADS TOGETHER—West German Interior Minister Hans Dietrich Genscher (left) and Foreign Minister Walter Scheel (right) in a deep conversation while the Free Democratic party secretary-general Hermann Flach smiles in the middle, yesterday, during the opening ceremonies of the Free Democratic party convention in Freiburg.

Swing to Christian Democrats Seen

Setback for Brandt Allies in Local Voting

By Joe Alex Morris

BONN, Oct. 23.—Christian Democratic hopes of overthrowing Chancellor Willy Brandt's Social-Liberal coalition in national elections next month were given a boost in local elections yesterday.

The Christian Democrats made substantial gains in local polls in the states of Hesse and Lower Saxony in which one out of every five German voters participated. Mr. Brandt's Social Democratic party also scored gains, but his Free Democratic allies saw their share of the vote slashed.

Officials in all three parties cautioned against attaching undue significance to the local elections, which are fought on different issues from the national vote on Nov. 19. But the Free Democrats had been hoping for a significant increase in their share of the poll.

However, the Free Democrats suffered a 4 percent drop in Hesse and a 2.5 percent loss in Lower Saxony.

As a result, Foreign Minister and party leader Walter Scheel found himself expressing his "astonishment" at the results as his party's congress opened in Freiburg. He had hoped to be able to use the results as another example of the resurgence of the Free Democrats.

In the 1969 elections, the Free Democrats squeaked back into the federal parliament by winning 5.8 percent of the vote, almost a

4 percent loss from 1965 and dangerously close to the 5 percent barrier under which they would be denied federal representation. They attributed their losses in yesterday's local elections to a swing by their supporters to the Christian Democrats.

The unanswerable question is how far this trend will be reflected in the national vote. It need not be far—loss of 0.8 percent more will put the FDP outside parliament.

It also would almost certainly put Mr. Brandt out of office. The chances of his Social Democrats overthrowing the Christian Democrats and becoming the single highest party in West Germany are not regarded as good, even by the most optimistic party spokesmen.

In 1969, the Christian Democrats got 46.1 percent of the vote and Mr. Brandt's SPD, 42.7 percent.

The Christian Democrats boosted their percentage of the vote in Hesse by almost 9 percent to 38 percent, while the SPD increased by 1 percent and scored an absolute majority of 51 percent.

In Lower Saxony, the Christian Democratic gain was about 8 percent to 38 percent, while the SPD increased 7 percent to 43 percent.

The far-right National Democrats were virtually wiped out, and the new German Communist party did little better. But the

Communists did manage to elect two city councilors in Marburg, their first breakthrough since their reorganization three years ago.

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NATO, Russia Set Parley

(Continued from Page 1)

should be held parallel to the troop cut talks, but both talks should be regarded as distinct from each other.

U.S. Cool to Idea

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Oct. 23 (UPI)—The Soviet Union today renewed its call for an international conference on worldwide disarmament.

The United States, however, said, "We do not believe a world disarmament conference could contribute at this time to a concrete arms control agreement."

China denounced the idea earlier in its speech before the General Assembly.

Soviet Ambassador Jacob A. Malik said, "Disarmament has been rightfully called by some the question of questions because it is crucial to the solution of all other international issues, chiefly in what direction international events are going to move: towards strengthening international peace and security or in the direction of growing threats of nuclear war and international catastrophe."

If the money spent on arms were switched to civilian use, Mr. Malik said, "the world today would look very different."

Mrs. Meir Doubts She'll Live to See Peace With Arabs

JERUSALEM, Oct. 23 (UPI)—Premier Golda Meir said last night that she doubts she will live long enough to see an Arab leader who wants peace with Israel. She is 74.

Addressing a conference of American women, Mrs. Meir said that a Middle East peace will come only when the Arabs are convinced that they cannot destroy the Jewish state.

"I doubt if I will live long enough to see an Arab leader who wants peace with Israel," she said, adding:

"The stronger we are, the more impossible it is to hurt us and the nearer we are to peace. That's why Israel seems so intransigent, so obstinate."

"People say we have fallen in love with the occupied territories and love to have hundreds of thousands of Arabs working for us. Nonsense."

Agreement Reported On Yemen Unity

CAIRO, Oct. 23 (AP)—Agreement was reached today on the general terms for unifying northern and southern Yemen, the Middle East News Agency reported.

The agreement, reached between delegates meeting in Cairo since Saturday, provides for the formation of seven committees to prepare plans for the merger of all institutions in the two Yemens within a year, the agency said.

Egyptian Maneuvers

CAIRO, Oct. 23 (UPI)—Egyptian troops completed a series of military maneuvers along the country's northern coast, the Middle East News Agency said today, adding that units from the navy, air force and army participated.

All of the groups have gotten the personal message that coalition hurts not only Mr. Thieu's personal position, but theirs. If power is to be shared, he has told them, it will be shared down to the local level and many of them will be out of jobs.

The 50 provincial councilors (one from each province and one independent municipality),

Acceptable as Coalition Participant

S. Vietnam Exiles Switch on Thieu

By Seymour C. Hersh

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23 (NYT)—The head of the leading Vietnamese exile federation in Paris declared yesterday that his group—traditionally anti-Communist, anti-American and anti-Thieu—is now willing to accept President Nguyen Van Thieu as a participant in a coalition government.

Thieu Thien Chan, a Buddhist monk, who is head of the recently broadened Opposition and Reconciliation Movement, added during an interview here that Mr. Thieu's future is no longer as important to Vietnamese nationalists as the fate of the more than 100,000 political prisoners in South Vietnam.

Mr. Chan served for years as president of the Association of Vietnamese Buddhists in France, one of many anti-Thieu expatriate groups there. During an interview with this correspondent six months ago in Paris, he and others headily expressed their objections to Mr. Thieu and insisted that his replacement was essential to the formation of a coalition government in South Vietnam.

'He Doesn't Matter'

In yesterday's interview, which was arranged shortly after Mr. Chan began a private visit here, the Buddhist leader acknowledged that "in Paris, we always emphasized the withdrawal of support from Thieu. Now, if there is a coalition government, he doesn't matter."

"In a coalition government," Mr. Chan added, "he is no longer president. If he has to share power, then he's like everybody else."

Mr. Chan is known to be close to the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong negotiating delegations in Paris and reportedly has been briefed on some aspects of the private talks in Paris involving Henry A. Kissinger. In the interview, he accepted without question the widely published accounts indicating that a three-sided coalition would be set up in South Vietnam after a cease-fire and U.S. withdrawal.

The Buddhist leader also made clear that it was his understanding that both North Vietnam and the Viet Cong are currently negotiating on a basis providing for Mr. Thieu to remain in a coalition government.

"We don't attack him," Mr. Chan said, "but we attack his policy. So when he agrees to become part of a coalition, it means that he has changed his policy."

"It's a very Vietnamese situation," he added, with a smile.

Neutralist List

PARIS, Oct. 23 (NYT)—A group of exiled South Vietnamese nationalists met here last night to agree on a list of men who might compose the neutralist third segment of a Saigon coalition government.

They have not been in touch with either the Americans or the North Vietnamese lately. "We don't want to go to either side at this stage," said Nguyen Van Can, one of the members, "because we want to show that we are real neutralists. But we have agreed among ourselves."

One of the names on the list is that of Au, Trung Thanh.

Thieu Tells Provincial Aides To Prepare for a Cease-Fire

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erment of Vietnam. It is not in the interest of negotiations to be more specific at this time."

Mr. Thieu underlined that a political solution—as distinct from a military cease-fire—was not agreed upon in his talks with Mr. Kissinger when he gave his 30-minute account of the present situation to the provincial representatives.

According to sources who heard Mr. Thieu's discourse and instructions, he said the political future of South Vietnam is a subject for further American-South Vietnamese talks. Discussions with the Americans on this subject are very tough, Mr. Thieu was reported as saying.

The newspaper Tin Song, financed by Mr. Thieu's closest adviser, Hoang Due Nha, who was present at every Thieu-Kissinger meeting, said: "The consensus among observers is that the meetings between the U.S. and Republic of Vietnam were conducted in fiery debate as a result of the firm position taken by the Republic of Vietnam."

Putting together reports of what Mr. Thieu said today to the roughly 300 provincial officials who were summoned to the palace and what he said earlier to other Vietnamese groups during the five-day Kissinger visit, Mr. Thieu appears to have taken consistent stands.

In his several meetings with Vietnamese influence groups, he has spoken from briefing papers and produced documents purportedly detailing the Communist intentions to manipulate a coalition government to their favor. He has taken only a handful of questions at each session.

All of the groups have gotten the personal message that coalition hurts not only Mr. Thieu's personal position, but theirs. If power is to be shared, he has told them, it will be shared down to the local level and many of them will be out of jobs.

The 50 provincial councilors (one from each province and one independent municipality),

Newsweek has reported that Mr. Thieu was one man on whom Mr. Kissinger and North Vietnamese Politburo member Le Duc Tho had agreed as a possible member of the neutralist bloc.

The neutralists agreed on the following names:

Gen. Nguyen Thanh Thi, former commander of the First Military Region in Vietnam, called after a break with then Premier Nguyen Cao Ky over a revolt of Buddhists in the northern region.

Nguyen Thai, a former aide to

the late President Ngo Dinh, at one point a special adviser at the Paris peace talks, a former information chief in Saigon.

Au Trung Thanh, a mix of finance and economics, the premiership of Gen. Van (Big) Minh, also called a quarrel with Nguyen Cao Nguyen Van Can, a former member of the exiled "National Reconciliation Movement," now works at the French Ministry of Education.

Newsman Allowed First Visit

U.S. Fliers at Thailand Base Note Drop in Red Infiltration

By Malcolm W. Browne

NAKHON PHANOM, Thailand, Oct. 23 (NYT)—The infiltration of North Vietnamese troops and materiel through Laos and Cambodia into the western flank of South Vietnam appears to have dropped almost to the vanishing point, according to American pilots at this base adjoining the Ho Chi Minh Trail.

"There just don't seem to be lucrative targets out on the trail anymore," according to Lt. John McNabb of San Antonio, Texas.

Lt. McNabb, who has flown more than 200 missions during his eight months here, added that "the inactivity is getting me down."

In quantitative terms, it is not clear how much activity along the 18,000-square-mile Ho Chi Minh Trail network has declined since the North Vietnamese offensive into the South began on March 30.

Newsman were permitted access to this base yesterday for the first time since it was built in 1964. But they were shown only those parts of the base not involved in the surveillance of infiltration routes, and officials declined to discuss that operation at all.

7-Hour Visit Allowed

Newsman were permitted only a seven-hour visit to the base on the ground that this was all the Thai government had authorized.

Despite the unwillingness of officials here to discuss the Ho Chi Minh Trail in specific terms, they left the clear impression that it is scarcely being used at present. During the monsoon season, Communist activity in the area is always sharply curtailed in any case and the current season has been particularly wet.

But sources here seemed to feel that other factors, including the speculation that a cease-fire might be at hand, could be involved.

It seems clear that the North Vietnamese cannot be planning any major offensive soon in the Vietnam provinces around Saigon or in the Central Highlands, since such campaigns ordinarily would be preceded by major activity along the infiltration route.

One period of peak activity along the 5,000 miles of jungle roads and trails comprising the Ho Chi Minh Trail was the dry season of 1970. During that season, intelligence experts estimated, 30,000 trucks were sighted, of

which 23,000 were damaged or destroyed by American air attacks.

The main source of intelligence about the Ho Chi Minh Trail is a U.S. Air Force unit called Force Alpha, one of the operations at this base of about 1,000 Americans.

The operations of Task Alpha, known by the code "Igloo White," have provided intelligence for many of the decisions made by Vietnam and American commanders in recent years, besides guiding p to targets.

Situated at the northeast corner of Thailand, Nakhon Phanom overlooks the jungles of across the river and 20 miles from North Vietnam. This is the forwardmost Air Force base in Indochina, well suited for reconnaissance the rescue of downed airmen other special operations.

Sensors Used

Surveillance of the Ho Chi Minh Trail since 1967 has mainly the work of electronic sensors dropped by aircraft over the infiltration area, sensors, costing about \$1,000 each, and booby-trapped to explode if detected.

Chute into tree tops or along embankments in the jungle, the sensors are capable of picking up sounds while others detect ground vibration caused by passing vehicles or men. All equipped with radio transmitters monitored here.

Landing System At Athens Said Out Before Cra

ATHENS, Oct. 23 (AP)—Athens airport source reported today that the Olympic Airplane that crashed in the Saturday night, killing 36, making a blind approach before the instrument landing system of the airport had been knocked by a rainstorm.

The storm, with gale-force winds, was one of the worst hit the Greek capital in years. The airport source said pilot of the Olympic Airplane from Corfu to Athens making his landing approach clouds and blinding rain.

pilot, Patroklos Thomakos, was among the 17 survivors, not made any statement, reportedly has had a nervous lapse.

Efforts were under way to remove the aircraft from the Gari Gulf, just off the airport.

Greek Navy divers have recovered 10 bodies from the wreck. About 10 bodies have been taken from the sea.

7 Reported Killed

KARACHI, Pakistan, Oct. 23 (AP)—Seven persons were killed and about 15 injured when police fired on workers demonstrating in Karachi today, a source, Abdul Rashid, said.

Mr. Rashid, chairman of the Action Committee of Organized Workers in Karachi, said a statement that the police opened fire "on the pretext" the rally had become violent.

The government has not commented on the incident.

WEATHER

ALGAEVE	O P	ALGAEVE	O P
AMSTERDAM	19 66 Fair	AMSTERDAM	19 66 Overcast
ANKARA	13 54 Rain	ANKARA	13 54 Rain
ANTWERP	13 54 Fair	ANTWERP	13 54 Fair
BELGRADE	6 43 Overcast	BELGRADE	6 43 Overcast
BELLEVILLE	6 43 Rain	BELLEVILLE	6 43 Rain
BELSKELLS	6 43 Rain	BELSKELLS	6 43 Rain
BUDAPEST	5 41 Rain	BUDAPEST	5 41 Rain
CASABLANCA	25 77 Fair	CASABLANCA	25 77 Fair
COPENHAGEN	10 60 Rain	COPENHAGEN	10 60 Rain
COSTA MESA	20 68 Fair	COSTA MESA	20 68 Fair
DUBLIN	12 55 Cloudy	DUBLIN	12 55 Cloudy
EDINBURGH	12 54 Cloudy	EDINBURGH	12 54 Cloudy
FLORENCE	17 63 Cloudy	FLORENCE	17 63 Cloudy
FRANKFURT	11 68 Rain	FRANKFURT	11 68 Rain
GENEVA	8 46 Cloudy	GENEVA	8 46 Cloudy
HELSINKI	12 54 Cloudy	HELSINKI	12 54 Cloudy
ISTANBUL	26 76 Fair	ISTANBUL	26 76 Fair
LAS PALMAS	26 76 Fair	LAS PALMAS	26 76 Fair
LONDON	13 54 Fair	LONDON	13 54 Fair
LISBON	13 59 Cloudy	LISBON	13 59 Cloudy
MADRID	17 63 Sunny	MADRID	17 63 Sunny
MILAN	17 63 Fair	MILAN	17 63 Fair
MONTREAL	17 63 Fair	MONTREAL	17 63 Fair
MOSCOW	6 43 Rain	MOSCOW	6 43 Rain
MUNICH	7 43 Rain	MUNICH	7 43 Rain
NEW YORK	11 61 Fair	NEW YORK	11 61 Fair
NICE	17 63 Cloudy	NICE	17 63 Cloudy
OSLO	11 62 Fair	OSLO	11 62 Fair
PARIS	12 54 Fair	PARIS	12 54 Fair
PRAGUE	7 45 Rain	PRAGUE	7 45 Rain
ROME	13 55 Fair	ROME	13 55 Fair
SARAJEVO	6 43 Fair	SARAJEVO	6 43 Fair
STOCKHOLM	4 49 Rain	STOCKHOLM	4 49 Rain
TEL AVIV	30 85 Fair	TEL AVIV	30 85 Fair
TUNIS	18 65 Cloudy	TUNIS	18 65 Cloudy
VIENNA	12 54 Cloudy	VIENNA	12 54 Cloudy
WARSAW	10 60 Fair	WARSAW	10 60 Fair
WASHINGTON	17 63 Fair	WASHINGTON	17 63 Fair
ZURICH	7 45 Fair	ZURICH	7 45 Fair

(Yesterday's reading: U.S. cities at 1200 GMT, others at 1200 GMT)

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One in Return

White House Poses Question McGovern on Television

By Douglas E. Kneeland

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Sen. McGovern, who has challenged President Nixon's record in debates, expressed surprise yesterday when he found himself confronted on a nationally televised program with a question that the interviewer said was submitted by the White House.

Sen. McGovern agreed and Mr. Reynolds read the following: "You have likened President Nixon to Adolf Hitler. You have implied President Nixon is barbaric in his conduct of the war and you have repeatedly used personal attacks in your campaign against the President."

"How do you reconcile this with your views that issues should be rationally discussed and that harsh rhetoric is counterproductive?"

"There is a good amount of public opinion that you have used some of the most strident language of any presidential campaign ever."

"Well, I think this is really an interesting development here, that I should come on a program to be interviewed and have questions submitted by the White House," Sen. McGovern said.

"Isn't it interesting that the President himself is afraid, apparently, to come on this program with me, or to come on any other television program and raise his own questions?"

After saying he would respond if he could direct one to the President, Sen. McGovern said, "I hope he will have an answer."

Sen. McGovern denied that he had ever referred to Mr. Nixon as an "Adolf Hitler."

"I have said that the dropping of several million tons of bombs on the civilian population of Indo-China is the most barbaric thing that has happened since World War II, since the Nazis were in power," he went on, "and I believe that I don't retract that for one minute."

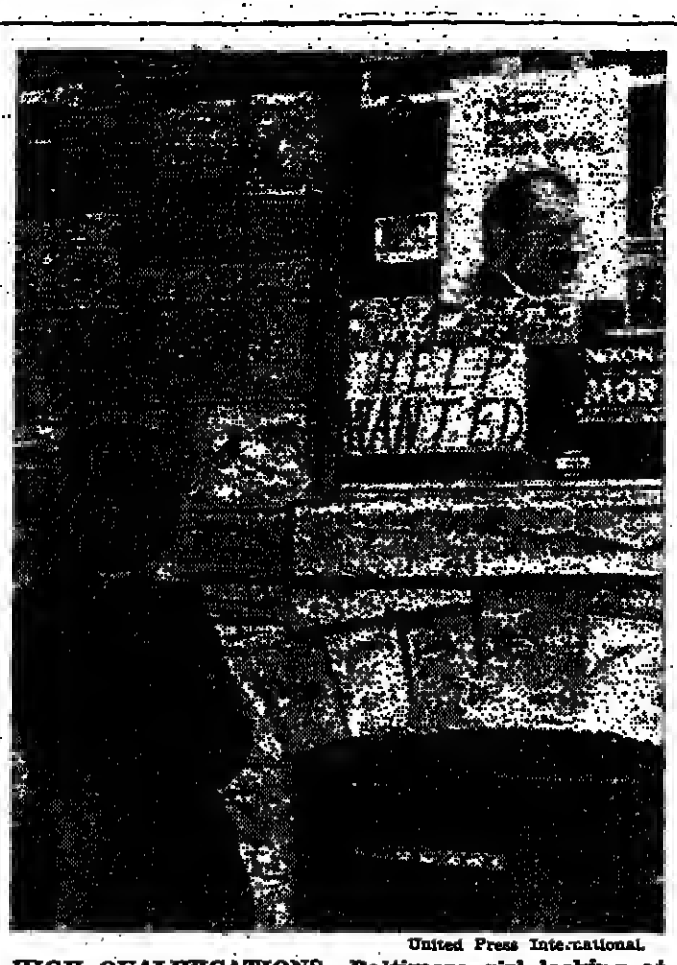
In his question to Mr. Nixon, which he later said he did not really expect would be answered, he asked why "we have had no explanation" of such matters as the Watergate affair and the alleged sabotage of Democratic campaign efforts by agents of the President.

In reply to other questions, none supplied by the White House, according to ABC officials, Sen. McGovern said:

• That he was "skeptical" that the war in Vietnam would be settled before the Nov. 7 election, because President Nguyen Van Thieu was "blocking the path to peace."

• That he thought Mr. Nixon might be "trying to figure out some way to sell Gen. Thieu down the river without it appearing that that is what he is doing."

• That Mr. Nixon "is not qualified to serve as President, if he either knew about such things as the Watergate case and did nothing about it or if he has lost control of his whole campaign apparatus" that he didn't know about it.



United Press International
HIGH QUALIFICATIONS—Baltimore girl looking at positions of signs in a neighborhood Republican party office that is looking for some campaign volunteers.

Nixon Promises to Use Veto, Hold Spending to \$250 Billion

By Albert B. Crenshaw

WHITE PLAINS, N.Y., Oct. 23 (UPI).—President Nixon said today he would use his veto power and authority to withhold appropriated funds in an effort to limit government spending to \$250 billion this fiscal year, despite Congress's refusal to give him the budget ceiling he sought.

In a statement issued as he arrived for an afternoon and evening of campaigning in the Republican strongholds of Westchester County and Long Island, the President said his vetoes and other actions would mean that "we will not have a new wave of crippling inflation and there will be no need for higher taxes."

The President was sharply critical of the Democratic-controlled 92nd Congress, which adjourned last week, for its refusal to give him a free hand to trim spending. The President referred to the lawmakers as "big spenders" and said their actions, if not opposed by him, would produce higher prices and higher taxes.

"Back on my desk in Washington, there are more than one hundred pieces of public legislation, which Congress jammed through at the same time it was rejecting my spending ceiling," he said.

"Many of them will serve the public interest, but I am also persuaded that some of them call for spending far in excess of what we can afford. These budget-breakers could only be financed by higher prices or by higher taxes."

Vetoes Promised
"During the coming week, there will be a number of vetoes," he said. "If there are big spending bills which I must sign for policy reasons, I also promise to exercise my full legal powers to hold down these appropriations, or reduce others, to make room for the new programs."

Administration officials estimated that Congress has appropriated about \$258 billion for the fiscal year that ends June 30. To keep within his self-imposed ceiling, Mr. Nixon would thus have to trim \$8 billion through vetoes by imposing cuts.

From White Plains, the motorcade rolled on to Mamaroneck, Larchmont, New Rochelle, Yonkers, Hastings-on-Hudson, and Dobbs Ferry en route to Gov. Nelson A. Rockefeller's estate for a meeting with supporters from 10 Northeastern states.

Bad Weather Hampers Search for Rep. Boggs
ANCHORAGE, Oct. 23 (AP).—Hampered again by bad weather, the Air Force refused to give up hope today as the search for a light plane carrying House Democratic leader Hale Boggs and three other men entered its second week.

"The mission will never be called off until the plane is found," an Air Force spokesman said today. But he admitted that the only tangible ground for optimism has been the "relatively mild temperatures" over the 136,000-square-mile search area.

Nixon Is 11-1 Favorite With S. Vietnamese
SAIGON, Oct. 23 (AP).—The official government news agency, Vietnam Press, said yesterday that an unofficial poll it conducted showed that President Nixon was an 11-to-1 favorite for re-election among the South Vietnamese people.

The news agency claimed that the poll was conducted without pre-arrangement and that a total of 450 persons were interviewed.

Rep. Moorhead Accuses Defendant McCord

Censorship Tie Laid to Watergate Figure

By Robert Woodward and Carl Bernstein

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23 (WP).—Rep. William S. Moorhead, D., Pa., said yesterday that he has uncovered a secret conspiracy plan for national censorship and that Watergate bugging defendant James W. McCord Jr. took part in it as one of his military reserve functions.

Rep. Moorhead, chairman of the House Foreign Operations and Government Information Subcommittee, said that an investigation of Mr. McCord shows that he participated in the drafting of a "National Watchlist" as part of the censorship plan.

In a national emergency, Rep. Moorhead said, the list would include "information the censors will look for as they open letters, monitor broadcasts and question travelers."

"Questionable" Individuals
"I fear that this National Watchlist may include the names of 'questionable' individuals, such as those collected during Army surveillance activities, and also collect similar types of information about American citizens," Rep. Moorhead said in a statement.

In other developments: • Newweek magazine said that Indiana deputy state Republican chairman Charles Sziluk, 24, was recruited as a Nixon undercover operative to help promote Sen. George McGovern's nomination, by Donald H. Segretti, who federal sources say was hired by the White House to engage in sabotage and spying activities against the Democrats.

Newweek quoted Mr. Sziluk as telling friends that the object of the Nixon forces' sabotage campaign was "to swing the convention to McGovern . . . to literally destroy strong candidates like Muskie."

In Washington, federal investigative sources confirmed Newweek's accounts of Mr. Sziluk's activities, and identified him as one of more than 50 undercover operatives paid for spying and sabotage work against the Democrats by funds from the Committee for the Re-Election of the President.

• Time magazine said that Jeb Stuart Magruder, one of two deputy directors of the President's re-election committee, "played a key role in the Watergate case" by authorizing the withdrawal of secret funds for political intelligence gathering, even though he may have approved the expenditure without knowing about the Watergate bugging.

The censorship plan on which Mr. McCord was said to be working is being prepared by a special military reserve unit of the Office of Emergency Preparedness, according to Rep. Moorhead.

Mr. McCord, a former agent for the FBI, CIA and former security chief for President Nixon's re-election committee, was a member of the military unit as a reserve lieutenant colonel in the Air Force until he resigned in February.

Mr. McCord was one of five men arrested June 17 in the Watergate bugging incident. He has since been indicted on charges of conspiring to establish a "National Watchlist" headquarters.

The Associated Press reported that the Office of Emergency Preparedness said that the special reserve unit's duties were to prepare "computer procedures for compiling a watchlist," but that "no actual watchlist is maintained by the unit."

In citing what he called "disturbing facts," Rep. Moorhead said that a copy of the national censorship plan shows that it could be instituted by the President during a limited war such as Vietnam.

Nuclear Contingency
Rep. Moorhead said this contradictory testimony by government officials earlier this year before his subcommittee that "implied that all of their plans were pointed toward a censorship system for use only in the event of a nuclear attack."

"The time has come," Rep. Moorhead said, "for a full study of both the plans and practices."

34 Die in Blast At Iranian Mine, 4 Are Rescued

TEHRAN, Oct. 23 (AP).—Thirty-four of 38 miners trapped in a coal mine at Tazeh, north-east of Tehran, after an underground explosion yesterday, suffocated, rescuers said today.

First reports yesterday said that four miners had been killed and 35 trapped. But rescuers later found four men alive in the outer section of the shaft.

Attempts to drill an airshaft to the entombed men failed after daylong efforts yesterday.

Turkish Bombs Kill 20
ANKARA, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—Twenty coal miners were killed and at least 76 were injured by two underground explosions near the Turkish Black Sea town of Zonguldak today.

A rescue operation was launched. It was feared that more miners were trapped underground.

Indian Leader Arrives Hospital, Is Ordered

PALM, Uganda, Oct. 23 (UPI).—President Idi Amin said today he had ordered a "complete rest" for a radio announcer who had been admitted to a hospital.

Amin returned here this morning from Hoima, in north-Uganda, where he had been on his return from a radio broadcast.

Radio said that the public had not to visit him. But I receive ministers and members of the Defense Council normal visiting hours.

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And around the world.

American Slain, Brother Wounded In Afghanistan

KABUL, Afghanistan, Oct. 23 (AP).—One of two American brothers walking around the world with a mule was killed Saturday night by bandits, it was learned today.

The bandits held up John and David Kunat of Waseca, Minn., at Aba Da Gie on the Kabul-Jalalabad road, in southern Afghanistan.

In the ensuing struggle, David, about 32, was killed and John, about 24, wounded by several shots in the abdomen, police said.

Later a policeman was killed and seven injured when their truck skidded off the same road while searching for the bandits.

The brothers began their round-the-world walk in June, 1970, with their mule, Willie Make It. Along the way they were distributing UNICEF literature.

David leaves a wife and three children in Waseca. The idea for the walk had been his, and was aimed, aside from seeing the world, at achieving mention in record books.

"It may take us three years," he said in an interview in the International Herald Tribune in Marseilles in April, 1971, "but we're not running a race."

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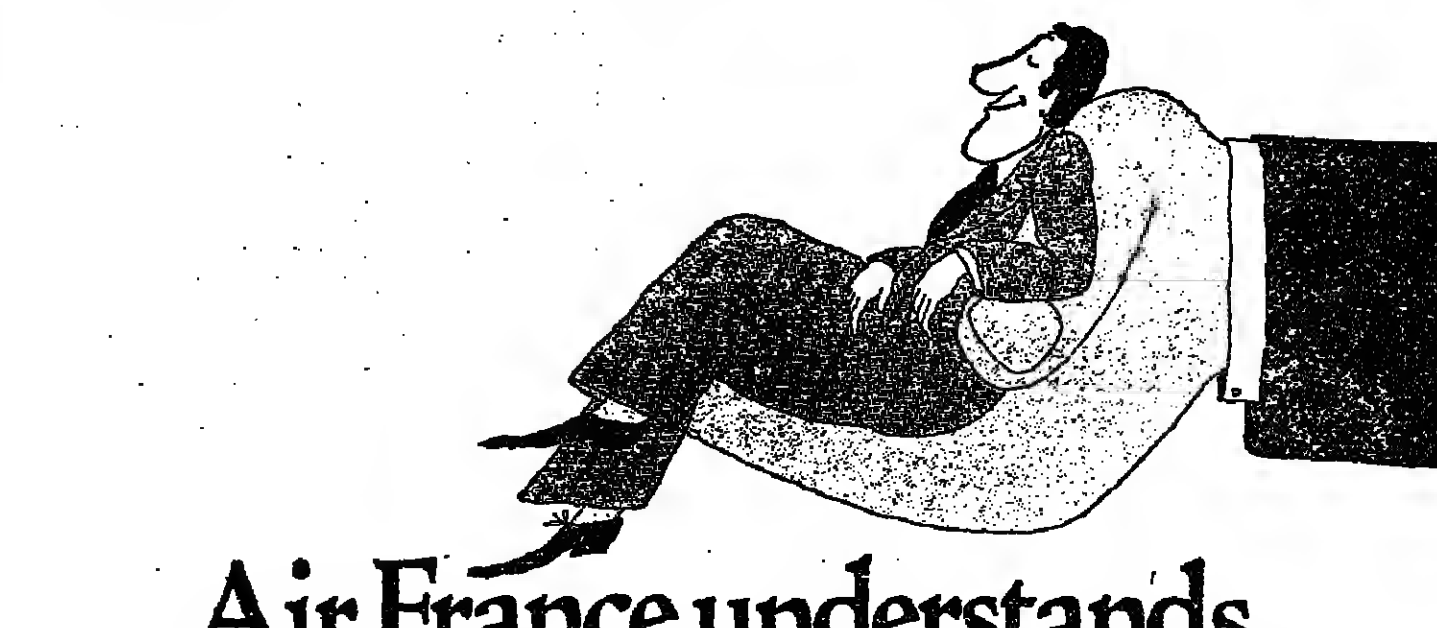
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Park Honoring Belgians Slain in Nazi Ranks Starts Uproar

BRUSSELS (NYT)—The dedication by a Flemish veterans' group of a park in the north Belgian town of Stekene to their comrades who fell fighting the Russians in World War II has touched off a round of recriminations in this culturally divided country.

The owner of the memorial park is the St. Martin's Fund, which was founded in 1953 and has branches in most Flemish cities. The original purpose of the group was to help the families of missing soldiers—St. Martin is a type of Santa Claus figure in parts of Flanders—but it also took on political overtones.

Bert Hendricks, the organization's Brussels representative, said, "The fund is based on the same anti-Communist and Flemish ideals which the men who went East died for." He denies all charges of neo-Nazism.

Apology for Hitler

About 45,000 Belgians joined SS brigades to fight alongside the Germans against the Soviet forces. While many, among both the Flemish and the French-speaking Walloons, were clearly motivated by fascist ideals, in the Flemish part of the country anti-French separatism and conservative Roman Catholic anti-Bolshevism also played strong roles.

Hubert Halin, a Belgian publicist linked to several wartime resistance units, said that the

St. Martin's Fund seeks "to apologize for Hitler's war and present the SS as the first true Europeans." He ties the group's increasing aggressiveness to rise in rightist Flemish nationalist activity.

Mr. Halin believes that the purpose of the park in Stekene, which is only five miles from the Dutch border, is to provide a central rallying point for former SS groups from all over Europe. According to him, the St. Martin's Fund already acts as a contact point for former Dutch SS members who are not allowed to assemble in their own country.

A plaque placed in the park but recently destroyed by vandals dedicated the plot "to the thousands of Flemish and numberless volunteers from other countries who died on the East front and whose graves have disappeared."

Mr. Hendricks, who acknowledges that his group's ideals have a pan-European aspect, said that the park, which lies in a secluded meadow a half mile from the nearest paved road, will be used

Norway Princess Has Son

OSLO, Oct. 23 (Reuters)—Norway's Princess Astrid last night gave birth to a son and a hospital statement said both mother and child were well. The 46-year-old princess is married to commander Johan Martin Ferner and has four other children.

France Is Facing Strikes Thursday

PARIS, Oct. 23 (Reuters)—French unions today prepared for 24-hour strikes in several industries Thursday and a march through the capital.

The action day by France's two main trade union groups, the Communist-oriented Confédération Générale du Travail (CGT) and the leftist Confédération Française Démocratique du Travail (CFDT), is aimed at securing a national minimum wage of 1,000 francs a month and retirement at 60 instead of 65.

The CGT and the CFDT, which together claim about three million members, expect their call to be followed by coal miners, farm workers, construction workers and employees in the oil and chemical industries. Other sectors, including transport services, also are expected to be hit by the stoppages.

Pipelines 'Lost' In California

OAKLAND, Oct. 23 (AP)—Up to 10,000 miles of California's underground petroleum pipelines may be lost, an official of the state water resources control board says.

"It's almost impossible to get a network chart showing where all the pipelines are," said Pete Rogers, appearing before the state assembly committee on environmental quality.

He said the location of up to 10 percent of underground petroleum lines is completely unknown. Noting that many liquid fuel pipelines are 60 to 70 years old and long since abandoned, Mr. Rogers added:

"One illustration that nobody knows where a lot of the pipelines are is the number of accidents where a construction crew accidentally cuts into a line. All the maps and charts were studied before the excavation but there are lines that just aren't charted."

7 Die in Private Plane

GOLDTOWNE, Texas, Oct. 23 (AP)—Seven persons were killed when a private single-engine plane crashed in rugged ranch country near here Friday.

Plastic Disc Toy Can't Carry Flares

U.S. Navy Fails to Adapt Frisbees to War

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23 (AP)—Over a period of four years, the Navy spent \$375,000 in a scientific study of frisbees to see if the flight characteristics of these plastic toys could somehow be adapted for warfare. But it was no go.

From high atop Hurricane Mesa in Utah scientists sent frisbees, and clay pigeons as well, spinning into the air. Tracking cameras monitored the flights from the 1,000-foot-high cliff.

As with all flight testing, the experiments were preceded by extensive wind-tunnel tests at the Navy's Ames Research Center at Moffett Field, Calif.

The results of the study were reported last month in a paper entitled "Adaptation of the Frisbee Flight Principle to the Delivery of Special Ordnance."

In the nonclassified paper, the Navy was careful to note throughout that frisbees are "a registered trademark of the Wham-O Manufacturing Co." of San Gabriel, Calif.

According to Lt. Comdr. Hugo A. Hardt, who took over the program two years ago, the naval air systems command was looking for a new way of delivering flares. This, he said, led it in 1967 to investigate "an air-launched illumination system using a gyroscopically stabilized disc"—in other words, a frisbee.

Navy ordnance experts at Crane used the data from the frisbee flight tests to develop a disc-shaped flare which could be launched at night from airplanes to light up battlefields as the disc spun through the air.

Flares now used by the military burn for three to five minutes as they float to earth by parachute. Comdr. Hardt said the Navy was hoping the frisbee-type flare would do the same job at less cost than the \$50 parachute flare.

But he said the Navy ran into problems. The scientists, he said, found that their burning characteristics caused them to

develop thrust and to straighten up like a rocket, or spinning off in the flight.

25 Black Sailors Charged in Re Fight in Carr

HONOLULU, Oct. 23 (AP)—Twenty-five black sailors aboard the carrier USS *Kitty Hawk* have been charged in connection with a racial disturbance on the ship off the coast of Vietnam, a spokesman for the U.S. Pacific Fleet Command said.

No whites were charged in connection with the series of brawls that occurred during the evening of Oct. 17, as morning hours of Oct. 18 dawned.

The 25 black sailors, a lower four enlisted grade, were not confined and made no duty pending martial law.

No dates have been set for the court-martial. The Navy earlier reported more than 100 black sailors were involved in a series of fights in which 48 were injured, including three enough to require hospitalization at Clark Air Force Base in the Philippines.

Strike Called in Italy

TO PROTEST BOMBINGS

REGGIO DI CALABRIA, Italy, Oct. 23 (UPI)—Union leaders have called a nationwide strike tomorrow to protest bomb attacks on rail lines as workers traveled by train to a mass rally in this southern city.

Five persons were injured in one blast, which damaged part of an express train.

The meeting here was called to draw attention to underdevelopment in southern Italy, where unemployment forces thousands of workers to emigrate. Organizers attributed the attacks to fascists.

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Teachers Get Death Threats

One Holdups in Twelve Days
Public Schools in N.Y.C.

By Robert D. McFadden

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 (NHT).—Lovers with knives, guns or shotguns accosted six more school teachers in classroom robberies in New York City week.

The incidents brought the number of robberies to 13 in 13 days.

The victims—eight women who in elementary schools, and in high-school English in—suffered losses ranging \$1 in cash to \$3,000 in jewelry.

They were threatened with death, others were intimidated by threats against the children.

Two were injured in the attacks. Most were confronted by the eyes of their horrified students.

Mr. Anker, deputy chancellor of New York City schools, acknowledged that "with rare exceptions" there are no security guards in the city's elementary schools, whose budgets and police are controlled by community boards.

Community boards were allocated \$600 by the Board of Education for security this year in the 170 elementary and high schools. About 100

guards have been hired all for junior high schools.

Among the incidents disclosed by police were these:

● At 2:35 p.m. Friday, two teenagers, one with a knife, attempted to rob Isadore Goldstein, 58, an English teacher and assistant principal at Richmond Hill High School in Queens. Mr. Goldstein, who was in the car and then fled by the second youth. The pair fled empty-handed.

● At 12:45 p.m. Friday, a man 18 to 20 years old entered a room in Public School 198, on Manhattan's Upper East Side, drew a gun and took money and jewelry from teachers Glida Schneider and Roberta Korn.

● At 10:30 a.m. Thursday, a man about 30, with either a gun or a simulated gun in his jacket pocket, entered a room of Public School 42 in the Bronx. A teacher, who asked the police to withdraw her name, said the robber told her: "Don't scream or I'll blow your head off." He then took her purse, containing \$20, and fled.

● At 1:25 p.m. Monday, in Public School 53 in the Bronx, a 22-year-old first-grade teacher said a man about 25 years of age entered her classroom, approached her desk with a shopping bag and a coat slung over an outstretched hand. "Put your money in the bag or a shot will be heard," he said. The teacher said she put her change purse in the bag.

More Funds Allocated
Yesterday, Dr. Harvey B. Schrimmer, New York City school chancellor, disclosed that the Board of Education would allocate \$8 million this week to hire at least 1,200 security aides for patrol duty in the city's crime-ridden schools.

Mr. Schrimmer denounced crime in the schools as a "violation of every right of our employees and the students." But he said that plans for the additional security aides had been under way since early September and were not directly related to the recent rash of classroom robberies.

He said the patrol aides, who will be hired from local communities and trained in a one-week crash program by the staff of Edridge Walk, the newly appointed chief of school security, should be on the job in two to three weeks.

The funds to be allocated this week, Mr. Schrimmer said, will be used by the central board to hire patrol aides for the city's 32 high schools, and by the 31 local community boards to hire aides for the more than 800 elementary and junior high schools under their jurisdiction.



Fredrick Friske at home with a few mementoes.

VA Said to Refuse Assistance
To Last Veteran of Indian Wars

CHICAGO, Oct. 23 (UPI).—The sole surviving veteran of the American Indian wars of the last century needs a nurse but his daughter says the Veterans' Administration has ignored their pleas.

Lillian Friske, 67, has been trying since last May to get the VA to bring someone in to help her care for her German-born father, Fredrick Friske, 95, who was discharged from the Army as a private in 1897.

Miss Friske said that her father is practically blind, is often confused and cannot walk without her support. She herself is not well. A cardiac patient, she is under doctor's orders not to exert herself.

"When she called the VA office last spring, she was told that her calls would be returned. 'I haven't heard a word to this day,' she said.

"We received a letter from President Nixon saying my father was being honored. . . . It's all history when no one calls back. I just can't get any help from them.

"If they could just get a woman's auxiliary volunteer or a nurse to come in for a few hours each week."

Mr. Friske enlisted in the Army in 1894 after his father died. He served three years in Cheyenne, Wyo., before he was honorably discharged in 1897. He was employed full time until he was 83 years old and too feeble to continue, his daughter said.

Nepalis Threaten Indira Gandhi
DARJEELING, India, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—Demonstrators shouting "Death to Indira Gandhi" today charged the rostrum where the Indian prime minister was making a speech in this mountain resort. Mrs. Gandhi was whisked away safely by security men.

The 50 or so demonstrators were demanding the recognition of Nepali as an official language. Five million Nepalis live in the Darjeeling area of northern West Bengal state. After trying to break through a police cordon, the demonstrators ripped down decorated arches and rampaged through the town, stoning shops and houses.

Mrs. Gandhi alleged that the Marxist Communist party was behind the agitation. She said the Marxists had been engineering trouble in the state ever since they lost heavily in elections to the West Bengal Assembly earlier this year.

EEC Parley
Disappointing
To MansholtConcept of '80 Union
Is Called Ambiguous

BRUSSELS, Oct. 23 (NHT).—Sicco Mansholt, president of the Executive Commission of the European Economic Community, said today that if the results of last week's summit meeting in Paris were examined for concrete decisions there would inevitably be disappointment.

But he said a more optimistic view could be taken if it was accepted that "the door had been opened" to the possibility of major policy developments.

At a news conference, Mr. Mansholt added that the "European union" that the EEC leaders plan to establish by 1980 could mean all things to all men. "It could signify much or it could signify little," he said.

He also expressed disappointment that no firm undertaking for aid to developing countries had emerged from the meeting of nine EEC members and future members. The opportunity for Common Market countries to define a position in relation to the developing world was missed, Mr. Mansholt said.

Clear Disappointment
He was also clearly disappointed by what he regards as the leaders' failure to come to grips with questions of social policy and the strengthening of the European Parliament, which would give some semblance of democracy to EEC decision-making.

He was also critical of the fact that, although the leaders of the nine countries had agreed that more should be done to make the Common Market attractive to the younger generation, there was nothing about this in the final communiqué.

"The EEC is a monster with many heads," Mr. Mansholt said. "It is very difficult to explain clearly to people what it is intended to achieve."

He made frequent references to the "next summit," which, he said, would attempt to consolidate and improve the work achieved in Paris. The next meeting, he predicted, would be mainly concerned with political matters and the status of all Common Market institutions in relation to one another—a clear reference to strengthening the European Parliament.

Heath, Wilson Trade Charges
During Debate on EEC Summit

LONDON, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—Prime Minister Edward Heath today accused opposition leader Harold Wilson of being sour about the success of last week's Common Market summit meeting in Paris.

During sharp parliamentary exchanges today, Mr. Heath closely questioned Mr. Wilson about the proposed establishment by the community of a regional development fund before the end of 1973, a decision widely welcomed here as of potential benefit to Britain's poorer areas.

The Labor chief repeatedly pressed Mr. Heath to state how much Britain would gain from this fund and asked whether it would match what already had been conceded to what he referred to as "the European agricultural welfare state."

Mr. Heath said that there was no single arrangement in the community which says that each country was going to receive back the amount of revenue that it contributed. "It is only because you are so sour at any sort of success that you display this contemptible attitude today," Mr. Heath said.

Wilson 'Surprised'
Mr. Wilson also had expressed surprise that Mr. Heath did not intend to broadcast to the nation about the conference, "because you

do seem very pleased with yourself about the summit and the country would like to know why."

The prime minister earlier had reported on the two-day meeting attended by leaders of the three states that are entering the EEC next year—Denmark, Britain and Ireland—as well as the six founder nations.

"It was clear that the achievement of enlargement had given a new impetus to the community's development," he declared. "The European union for which we have agreed to aim is a reaffirmation of the best in our continent since the war."

Mr. Heath repeated a previous statement that the enlarged market opened the "prospect of a degree of unity, and thus of peace and prosperity in Western Europe which our continent has never seen before."

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Third Round Talks Set 2 Koreans

U.S. Red Cross
negotiation in North

U.S. Oct. 23 (UPI).—A 34-member South Korean delegation arrived in the North Korean capital today for Red Cross negotiations to reunite families separated by the division of the country after World War II.

The meeting, the third since the first in August, will begin tomorrow morning. The Koreans will return home by the end of the week.

The four-hour drive to the North Korean capital was made in a bus designed to be the martial law provided a week ago.

The state council, already the governing body, with the Korean government passed laws designed to put the functions of the parliament.

The council also passed two laws. One dismissed members of the central election committee who had been elected on recommendations of political parties and the banned campaigning for or against a constitutional amendment to referendum.

Lead of Group Hopeful
The council also passed two laws. One dismissed members of the central election committee who had been elected on recommendations of political parties and the banned campaigning for or against a constitutional amendment to referendum.

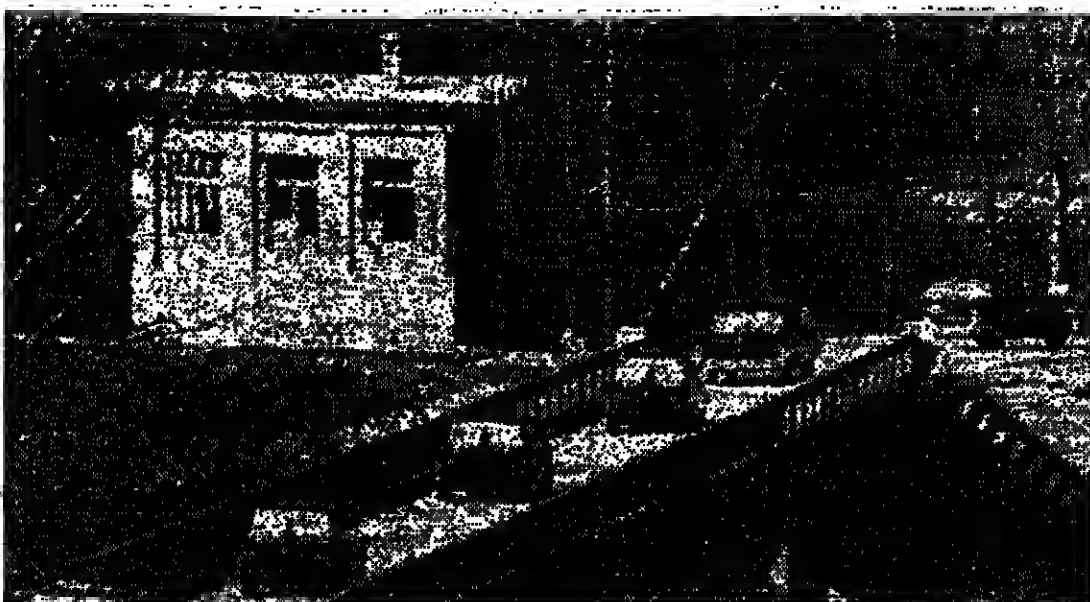
an arrival statement in Yang, Lee Bum Suk, head of South Korean Red Cross, said: "We are hopeful we will be able to carry out our project at an early date."

talks seek to help 10 million. The agenda includes divided families, helping to visit and correspond and ing them.

Chief of Poland Visit to Sweden

OSLO, Oct. 23 (UPI).—Chief of Poland arrived in Sweden today for a three-day official visit to normalize relations between the two nations.

Chief of Poland and three cabinet ministers met the guest and his wife at the airport today. After inspecting the guard, Mr. Jaroslawski to Haga Palace, where staying.



CROSSING THE BRIDGE—A 22-car convoy leaving the Panmunjom truce village yesterday for Pyongyang in North Korea, carrying a 34-man South Korean delegation to the third North-South main Red Cross meeting to help to reunite separated families.

Danish Cook Steals Trawler, Heads for North Sea and Storm

ABERDEEN, Scotland, Oct. 23 (AP).—A sea cook stole a Danish trawler here last night and was missing in a North Sea gale today after being chased by his angry skipper in another vessel.

The cook, Jorgen Christensen, 38, was last seen at the helm of the 12-ton Nordkap weaving erratically in rough seas whipped by 60-mile-an-hour winds.

Helpless
The Nordkap's skipper, Borge Jacobsen, 37, said later that the cook—who joined the crew last week—had no navigational or engineering experience and could now be "drifting helplessly" east of Aberdeen.

Mr. Christensen took over the Nordkap late last night "for no apparent reason." He yelled to astonished watchers on the dock that he was heading home to Ejsberg, Denmark, 400 miles east.

The Skip
Mr. Jacobsen and the Nordkap's two other crewmen leaped aboard another trawler with two police officers and gave chase. But the cook gave them the slip in the darkness after sideswiping an oil survey ship.

Thirteen hours later, Mr. Christensen was believed to be caught in a worsening storm and not answering radio calls.

Police reports indicated the cook "was under the influence of drink." But Mr. Jacobsen, who left Mr. Christensen on watch alone yesterday when the crew went ashore, said today: "There is no question of drink being involved."

British, Danish, German and Dutch coast guard ships have been alerted and oil rigs in the North Sea and the helicopters which service them have been told to look out for the stolen trawler.

Heavy Snowfalls Reported In Eastern Alps, Apennines

ROME, Oct. 23 (UPI).—Snowstorms struck mountainous areas in Italy, Austria, Switzerland and Southern Germany last night and today.

Snow was reported to be 18 inches deep today at the Brenner Pass between Italy and Austria.

Snow fell along the length of the Apennines and temperatures dropped to seven degrees below zero C at L'Aquila, 120 kilometers northeast of Rome.

Davos and other Alpine resorts in eastern Switzerland were covered by a meter or more of snow today and snow continued to fall in mountainous regions.

All major Alpine road passes were closed. Drivers were urged to use chains.

U.K. Frigate Sent To Iceland Area

LONDON, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—Britain has stationed a second Royal Navy frigate off Iceland to protect British trawlers operating within Iceland's disputed 50-mile fishing limit. Fisheries Minister James Prior announced tonight.

He told a delegation of trawler owners that the frigate Phoenix was dispatched at the weekend to join the Achilles, which has been on the scene for about a week in case of any flare-up in the "cod war."

But both frigates are outside the 50-mile limit that Iceland unilaterally extended from 12 miles on Sept. 1.

Official warnings said that there was "considerable danger" of avalanches because of snow drifts piled up by strong winds.

Snow and sub-freezing temperatures during the weekend caused traffic jams, collisions and the closing of several roads in parts of Austria and Germany.

More than 30 inches of snow fell on some roads in the Vorarlberg and Tyrol Provinces of Austria.

The season's first snowfalls in Bavaria resulted in scores of accidents.

Israeli Mayor Of Gaza After Arab Is Fired

Former Leader Barred
Electrification Order

GAZA, Oct. 23 (UPI).—An Israeli official took over as mayor of Gaza City today after the occupation authorities fired his Arab predecessor in a dispute over Palestinian refugees.

A military spokesman said Rashed al-Shawa was dismissed yesterday for refusing an order to provide water and electricity from Gaza City to the nearby Shati refugee camp.

Mr. Shawa's nine-man city council resigned in sympathy. In a letter explaining his refusal to comply with the Israeli order, Mr. Shawa said that any change in the status of the camp would have "far-reaching political and social repercussions" for the 24,000 refugees there.

Israeli authorities denied that their order to Mr. Shawa was intended to assassinate the refugees living in the local population. They said they wanted only to improve the lives of the refugees.

Essential Services
Other Gaza Strip municipalities have obeyed similar orders to provide essential services to the refugees living in camps adjacent to their towns. There are more than 210,000 refugees in eight camps in the strip.

Uri Chechik, a Defense Ministry official who works with the military government, was named Gaza mayor, a post he held for three months before Mr. Shawa, a millionaire citrus grower, was appointed Sept. 23, 1971.

Military sources said that Mr. Chechik most likely would remain in the post for several months until a suitable Arab mayor could be found. They said that Mr. Shawa would not be reappointed to the post.

Mr. Shawa was the second Arab mayor of Gaza City since Israel captured the Gaza Strip in the 1967 Middle East war.

The mayor at the time of the war, Rajeb el-Alami, was kept in his post until late 1970, when he was fired because he resisted the connection of Gaza City to Israel's electricity system. Mr. Chechik was named to replace him.

Heath's Oslo Trip Put Off
OSLO, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—An official visit by British Prime Minister Edward Heath next month has been postponed because of the change of government in Norway. It was officially announced today.

On Salaries, Purge Plans

Spain Forbids Professors To Meet, Air Grievances

By Miguel Acoca

MADRID, Oct. 23 (WP).—Spanish university professors were forbidden today to meet to discuss either the government's planned purge of political dissenters from their ranks or their unpaid salaries and their unpaid teaching contracts.

The ban was ordered by registered letter sent to professors without tenure at Madrid's autonomous university. The letter also "absolutely forbids" meetings of professors with students.

It was not known whether teachers at Spain's 17 other universities had received similar warnings. Such meetings were forbidden under the education decrees issued last summer by Generalissimo Francisco Franco.

The decrees placed all state-run universities under direct government control, and made rectors responsible for maintaining discipline on the campus.

University sources said that the government appeared to be reconsidering the projected purge of 250 professors without tenure because of resistance among rectors and deans. They have warned that the ouster of political dissenters would only start trouble as classes get under way.

The sources said that many on the list, which was compiled by a military group, have been reinstated with warnings that they will be closely watched.

Students have already begun to protest. The government, meanwhile, has taken measures apparently intended to force some professors to resign. Many have not yet received back pay for last year, when the universities were beset by continuing strikes.

At one college in Madrid some teachers were told that they would not be paid for the present academic year, which began last week, until the budget is sorted out. They were also told that contracts would not be renewed.

Hurricane Rakes Atoll North of Fiji

HONOLULU, Oct. 23 (AP).—A hurricane has raked Funafuti atoll in the Ellice Islands and is heading south for the Fiji group, officials reported here yesterday. Funafuti atoll, the capital of the Ellice Islands, has a population of about 1,000. Six were reported to be missing, after a wall of water washed over the atoll Friday destroying 90 percent of its structures. The atoll is 12 feet above sea level.



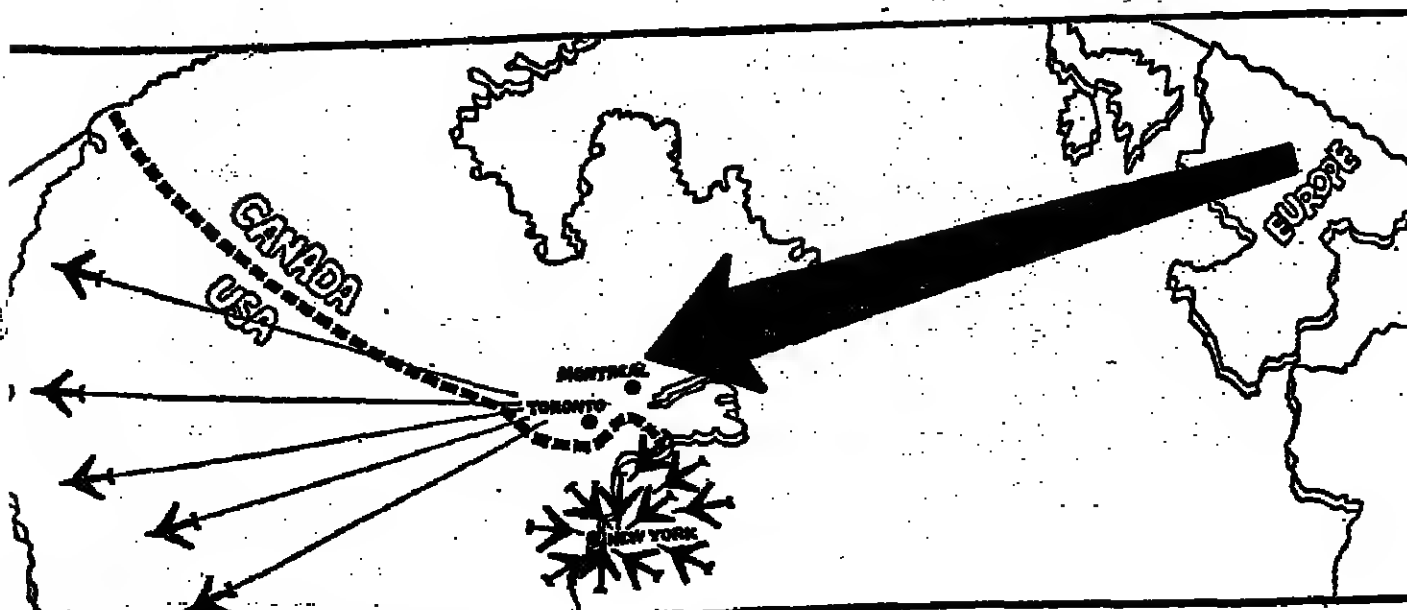
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Emily Genauer The New Museums of Texas— Testing Ground for Ideas

NEW YORK—Texas, somebody
down there said to me the
other day, has become one of the
big museums. It was typical
Texas-type hyperbole, but not
without point. Hundreds of critics,
museum directors, collectors,
patrons, dealers had gathered
from all over the country and
even Europe, to move in a cham-
pagne-fueled pilgrimage to the
openings of new museums in Fort
Worth, Corpus Christi, Houston.
I went on as far as Amarillo: no
opening party there, but the
completion of an Edward Stone
designed museum in the Texas
Panhandle, even a couple of
months ago, is still an event
worth noting.

Actually architecture was the
main event in each of the
museums, and one of the reasons
the Texas phenomenon is of
singular importance to the whole
country. Free of normal com-
mercial pressures in the designing
of museums, distinguished archi-
tects have been making them a
testing-ground for new and
experimental ideas that must
surely have application to other
buildings as well. They have
special significance in this time
when funds for the building of
cultural facilities, not to mention
the art they are to contain, grow
increasingly hard to raise. The
country is carefully watching,
that is, to see not only what pro-
grams are being devised to enable
the new facilities to perform
public service justifying their
great cost, but what forms top
architects have come up with to
promote these programs as well
as to function as beautiful objects
on their own, enhancing the art
they present.

As a radically new form, then,
and an exceedingly effective one,
the Kimbell Art Museum in Fort
Worth, designed by Louis I. Kahn,
and built at a cost of \$8.5 million,
must unquestionably take top
place, not only among the new
Texas structures but among all
recently completed museums any-
where in the country.

Kahn, one of the most esteem-
ed (although to the general public
least publicized) architects in the
country, has never before built a
museum. Working closely with
Richard F. Brown, Fort Worth's
director, he designed a series of
galleries topped by semi-circular,
barrel-like roofs described by the
architect as concrete, cycloid
vaults, although what they may
first bring to some viewers' minds
are quonset huts.

The center of each long vault-
ed ceiling is split down the middle
with a three-foot opening to
admit natural light which is dif-
fused by metal mirrored filters
punched through with holes spaced
by computer-reckoning to per-
mit variations of light during the
day. The process is far too
difficult for me not only to
describe but to understand. No
matter. It makes for a warm,
glowing, intimate setting further
enhanced by gallery walls of
travertine, finely textured wood,
even stainless steel superbly
finished to the soft luster of pewter.
Within the galleries are casual
groupings of comfortable furni-
ture on Oriental rugs. Never has
a museum as spectacular and as
innovative as this, and as monu-
mental in its space, yielded a
setting more directly and sym-
phonically scaled to the physical
dimensions and absorptive capac-
ities of human beings.

And yet, . . . while recognizing,
applying, and without reser-
vation the building's extra-
ordinary virtues, the galleries
themselves left me wanting. It
is a response so idiosyncratic that
it is, perhaps, unfair to mention.
The fact is, nevertheless, that I
respond to a museum setting
which is less intimate, and more
exacting. I look for grandeur, not
informality. I want my first en-
trance to a museum to take me
out of my everyday world to an-
other, where my spirits will not
relax but be sent soaring. It is,
of course, why Frank Lloyd
Wright's Guggenheim Museum
still remains my favorite.

Admittedly, the Guggenheim
offers competition to all but the
very best works. The Fort Worth
museum, on the contrary, holds
out exceptional hospitality. And
that worried me a bit, too. It is,
of course, a job of inestimable
difficulty, rounding up a top-
grade collection quickly. And the
Kimbell Art Foundation, bene-
ficiary of the estate of Kay Kim-
bell, a tycoon in oils, foods, and
many other industries, owned,
when he died in 1964, many works
of less than top quality.

Gradually Mr. Brown is replac-
ing these, and already he has
made some extraordinary acqui-
sitions. Among them is a superb
series of 12th-century frescoes
removed from a chapel near
Avignon, transferred to canvas,
mounted on wood panels, and
reconstructed in a separate free-
standing structure simulating the
space for which they were origi-
nally painted. Another singular
acquisition is a 13th-century En-
glish work known as the Bar-
nabas Altarpiece, combining
marvelous power and sweetness,
as described by scholars as pos-
sibly being the earliest surviving
English panel painting anywhere.

Not along with other great
works ranging in date from a
Cycladic marble made around
3000 B.C. to a cubist Picasso, and
including rare treasures of Oriental
and primitive African and
pre-Columbian art, are scores of
pictures which would seem to be
either over-generously attributed
or lesser examples by major
figures.

Again I say no matter. The
Kimbell Foundation has endless
resources. If the Metropolitan
and other major museums con-
tinue to liquidate major works in
the interests of new acquisitions
or expansion, the Fort Worth
museum will have little trouble
filling in its still considerable
gaps.

Philip Johnson designed a sec-
ond of the new museums, that at
Corpus Christi. This one had
to be spectacular, being Johnson's.
It is a relatively small building,
a 15,000 square foot white box
sitting on the edge of the Gulf
of Mexico (the Kahn complex oc-
cupies 120,000 square feet). It is
a jewel-case (cost \$1.3 million)—
but without jewels.

What is inside first, then, since
it is most easily disposed of? The
building contains three main ex-
hibition areas, two of them rela-
tively small, the third a large
space soaring two-and-a-half
stories high, magnificently lit by
daylight pouring in through sky-
lights and two great windows
(some 10 by 12 feet) which, open-
ing on the gulf, suggest the calm
pictures of Tanguy or Magritte.

What is hung now in that
beautiful major space is a flock
of Andy Warhol's familiar flowers,
seemingly identical although small
differences are perceptible on
careful although unrelenting ex-
amination, along with his wall-
filling series of hardy varying
silk-screen-on-canvas portraits of
his friends and patrons. "The result
is as satisfying as a bulletin board
of blown-up cut-outs from a fash-
ion magazine a couple of seasons
old. They have not understood
yet, in Corpus Christi, that if your
aim is to be fashionable rather
than fine, you had better get with
it. Warhol is already *déjà vu*."

The two smaller galleries are
currently fixed, respectively, with
an exhibition of Jasper Johns's
constructions, and some of Frank
Stella's recent paintings, with the
space given to Stella, on the
building's second level and reach-
ed by a spectacular 60-foot walk-
way overlooking the great hall,
much the more satisfactory.

But it is the stunning building
itself which is the thing here. And
that leaves me, in balance (or
rather, because there is no bal-
ance), more disappointed than at
Fort Worth. Johnson himself
punchily calls his building a
marshmallow. What it really is,
is a great, complex cubist sculp-
ture.

The purpose of the Corpus
Christi museum, says Catherine
S. Gellender, its director, is not
to assemble a permanent collec-
tion but rather to bring new art

to the city and create a dramatic
and aesthetically exciting struc-
ture. It is a legitimate purpose.
But it would be a great pity if,
even within the limitations im-
posed by available loan exhibi-
tions, and the brouhaha inevitably
engendered by avant-garde shows,
the museum did not attempt to
bring in material with more
substance, with educational as
well as entertainment potential.
Surely it is of first importance
for the people of Corpus Christi,
isolated from the cultural centers
of Texas, to understand that art
can be more than fun and games,
or, in effect, a brightly colored
neon sign reading "we are here."
Their answer might be "So what,
if that's all there is?" Because
there is a lot more. And Philip
Johnson's beautiful little building,
for all its own concentrated
strength, can show it off superbly.

In Houston the big news is the
opening of the Contemporary Arts
Museum, a sharply angled, metal
parallelogram of a structure that
sits directly across the street
from the wing the great pio-
neer, Mies van der Rohe, designed
for Houston's Museum of Fine
Arts some years ago. It makes
Mies look old-fashioned—but won-
derful. Actually Mies's structure
never did work very well. Its
interior space was too big to
handle almost anything other
than gigantic works. It is being
expanded now in a sweeping
curve of glass wall and interior
changes that must prove much
more practical. The new Con-
temporary Arts structure looks
promising from the outside; in-
side it is a warehouse, a "mini-
mal metal-block sculpture," says
architect Gunnar Birkerts, that

in truth, suggests minimal use and
merit. The Museum of Fine Arts
has a loan exhibition on view
for a year of masterpieces from
Norton Simon's collection: just
some Rembrandts, Zurbarans and
the like.

That leaves Amarillo still un-
accounted for. Well, it is not a
sensational building that Stone-
of Washington's Kennedy Cultural
Center—has done this time, but a
simple, useful, modest and ex-
tremely good-looking one, design-
ed as part of the Amarillo Col-
lege complex, and as a regional
art center for that remote north-
west corner of Texas. Its director,
Thomas Matthews, has great
plans for it. Something of his
forthrightness can be gathered
from his recent show of the re-
vered (especially in the West) and
immensely expensive cowboy
paintings and sculpture of Fred-
erick Remington and Charles Rus-
sell, in which he labelled them
hereafter as the sentimental
romantic-realist illustrators they
were. I gather Texas took an-
other, longer look—and maybe at
last agreed. Anyway, the build-
ing is still standing.

Frost for Orchards

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23 (UPI).
—Ice is being used experimen-
tally to save orchards in Spring-
field, Ore., from frost damage,
the National Geographic Maga-
zine reports. Spraying hot water
from a nearby pulp plant on
the trees sheathes buds in
"warm" ice that keeps them in-
sulated at about 30 degrees
Fahrenheit when the tempera-
ture drops much lower.

Paris Restaurant: Specialist in Difficulty

By Naomi Barry

PARIS (UPI).—"When people go to restaurants,
they should eat what they cannot prepare
themselves. For simple dishes, they might as well
eat at home."

True to his philosophy, Jean-François Ferris
deals exclusively with the difficult, the complicated
and the elaborate. Since he has skill, talent,
and ambition, he occasionally achieves the exalted.
By following the rules of his spiritual master,
Escoffier, there are few mistakes.

Ferris is a new patron-chef on the Paris gas-
tronomical scene, and he bears watching. His
Auberge de France opened the first week of Sep-
tember, and already it is an address in the best
little black books.

He is only 28 years old, but his experience in-
cludes three years in the kitchens of the Tour
d'Argent and five and a half years as the chef
of the catering department of Fauchon. Both
Claude Terrail, proprietor of the Tour, and Ed-
mond Bory, director of Fauchon, are among the
supporters of the new Auberge.

Fish Dish

The bar *Al-Baba* is the kind of high note that
particularly pleases Ferris. No housewife would
bother to do it. In fact, as he points out, most house-
wives don't like to handle fish at all.

For this dish which is good enough to make a
reputation, a sea bass is completely skinned and
boned. This is another Ferris principle. A res-
taurant client should never be fazed with the
annoyance of a fish bone.

Into the cavity goes a mousse of pike, trout,
salmon and cream. It is rich and delectable yet
deceptively light, for Ferris refuses to use flour
or starches in his cooking.

Preparation is the art of haute cuisine. The

fish is reconstituted, even to a simulation of its
scales created by overlapping rows of sliced mar-
row and tomato. The alternating scallops of red
and green provide a suggestion of iridescence.
The bass is then braised in the oven and served
with a *velouté de poisson* enriched with a Hol-
landaise sauce.

For me, a bar *Al-Baba* represents a meal for
the week, but Ferris recommends it as a first
course.

Everything on the menu has a knowing touch.
Duckling, garnished with blood oranges from
Seville, is prepared with a sherry vinegar. Quail
Auberge de France (48 hours advance notice) are
baked and stuffed with a mousse of veal à la
creme, dice of foie gras and dice truffes.

Vegetables are treated to the same kind of
pampering treatment. Cucumbers *Duchesse* du
Berry are carved into the shape of olives, poach-
ed, and then glazed in butter. *Pommes Berry*
are baked potatoes scooped from their shells, and
mixed with new peas, peas and chopped truffes.
The potato pulp is rolled into balls, coated with
crushed almonds and then fried.

Despite his culinary extravaganzas, Ferris is
trying to hold the price for a meal including wine
to 60 francs. The decor is simple and the service
still has some kinks. Ferris is concentrating on
his kitchen, where he has more personnel than
in the dining room.

He is an indefatigable young man and keeps
open house from noon until 3 a.m. Afternoons
people drop in for a cup of tea or a glass of
champagne and pastry and from midnight on
for after-the-theater suppers.

(Auberge de France, 1 Rue du Mont Thabor,
Paris 1. Telephone: 073-60-26. Closed Tuesdays.
Average price: 60 francs.)

PARIS FASHIONS

A British Designer Stars During Ready-to-Wear Week

By Hebe Dorsey

PARIS, Oct. 23 (UPI).—Anybody who has been wondering
if the dress business had anywhere to go should take a
look at Jean Muir's collection. This British designer is doing with
dress what Mary Quant once did with the mini skirt, she
becoming a world influence.

Her group of 30 or so dresses shown this morning as
part of a French ready-to-wear week drew heavy applause from
buyers. Miss Muir builds her soft silk jersey dresses around
a tiny yoke and a high, short belt.
Then she plays around with
sleeves which vary from wide
butterflies to full flounces that
fold around into a small cape.
Her proportions are so right that
the skirt lengths, which vary
from above the knee to mid-
ankle, are of no consequence.

Her pink and pale grey groups
were the most effective. Since
these are summer fashions, Miss
Muir also added printed crêpe de
chêne. She updated the whole
dress look by having the girls
wear dark bustiers and high-heeled
shoes.

The other star today was Karl
Lagerfeld, with the Chloé col-
lection. Mr. Lagerfeld used the
shirt theme all the way through
and put it across with crêpe de
chêne, which made the whole
collection as light as a whisper.

Shanting Coats
In a deluxe sportswear ap-
proach, Lagerfeld chose a number
of ivory silk shanting coats along
trousers-coat lines. He did not
ignore pants but made them
soft, wide, loose and usually in
a tweed-print silk.

Mid-ankle pleated silk skirts
were worn with a tucked-in silk
shirt and a silk overblouse or else
a short evening sweater. Another
alternative was the long, printed
skirt with a black bra.

Prints are always strong at
Chloé's, but this time the hit
prints are sure to be the multi-
colored shells.

Despite the loose and easy look
of the collection, Lagerfeld is
going back to the fit. He had a
few significant numbers in which
the jacket, worn over a pleated
skirt, came close to resembling an
hour glass.

Meanwhile, the French ready-
to-wear salon—the stars show on
their own premises—keeps grow-
ing and growing. The 34th one,
which opened last week at the
Porte de Versailles, has 320 ex-
hibitors, compared to 800 last
season.

The two floors (56,000 square
meters) are filled to capacity.
With a "we just can't knock
down the walls" shrug, a French
official said that 60 would be

A summer of '73 look
André Ledoux collect

exhibitors had to be put o
waiting list.

The newest improvement to
gigantic complex (10 bars, 2
restaurants, three banks,
travel agencies, two post off
two hairdressers and a
office) is a free fashion o
puter service.

Reportedly an internati
first, the computers cost \$2
to install—courtesy of the
to-wear people, a radio net
a fashion magazine and a
firm.

Question Sheet
The computer question a
covers every possible gram
from sweaters to swimwear.
give the nature of the nam
you are interested in and
price range. In a matter of
utes, the answer pops out,
plete with names, addresses,
telephone numbers of the fi
with what you want. Anglo
and Scandinavians were fir
take advantage of the ser
The others needed a little s
talk to get used to it.

At the end of the first day
was clear that fashion inte
varied according to national
The French, for instance, a
keen on city dresses, the Am
cane in solid color twin set
the British in cocktail dress
The rush and crush at t
salon is also worse than e
We are expecting 24,000 buy
representing 60,000 firms—a
percent increase over last ye
a French official said.

After the Americans, whose
taste in French fashion is
jumped 60 percent in the l
six months, the Japanese are
gliming to look like serious bu
ness. Up to now, according
Bruno de Roselle, the head o
French ready-to-wear indus
the Japanese only came into
fashion picture as licensees.

Entertainment In New York

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 (UPI).
This is how critics rate
stage productions in New
York City.

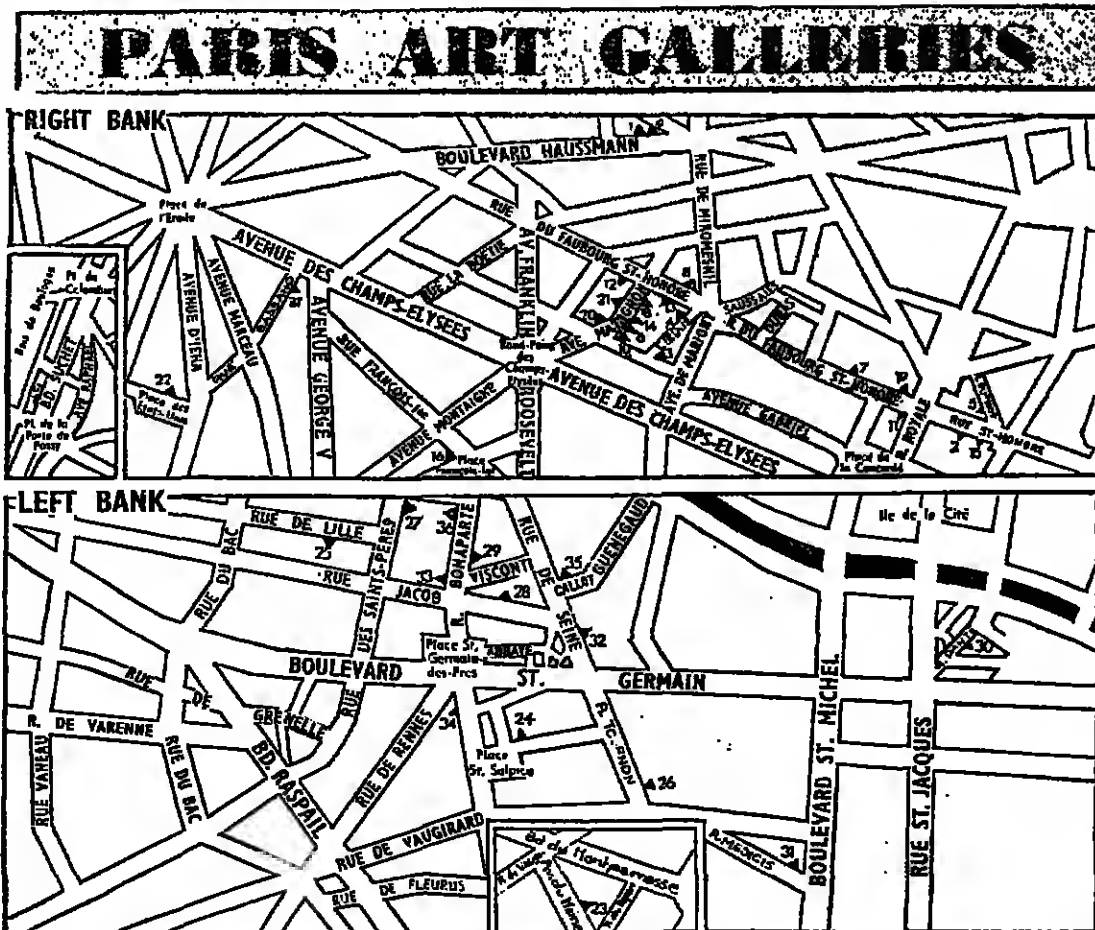
"The Hostage"
Behan's play about an
soldier captured in London
and held hostage in Dublin
the Irish Republican Army,
ed the repertoire of the City
Theater Company, who
now in its first season at
Good Shepherd-Paith Church
Lincoln Center. "Today
even more than when Behan
Miss (Joan) Littlewood com-
their play, we must take a m
serious view of the violence
Northern Ireland, or the tas
and killing of innocent hosta
Clive Barnes of the New Y
Times says. "And in any case
these young actors, good as
are, are not up to transmuti
plodding play into an evanes
but at times grimly signific
musical evening." Gene L
the director, "certainly has
right approach, but appar
insufficient means."

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BUTRAN</p> <p>(12) GALERIE BOLER
237 Rue St. Honoré 1er. 27-20-43.
Original Contemporary Graphics.
AGAN, BRAGUE, CHAGALL, CLAVE,
DALL, S. HELLMUTH, MIRA, PICASSO,
POLAKOFF.</p> <p>(13) GALERIE JEANNE CASTEL
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MODERN AND CONTEMPORARY ART.</p> <p>(14) GALERIE DU CIRQUE
23 Rue du Cirque 18e. 225-35-55.
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thos. Brague, Chagall, Dali, Miró, Picasso,
Polakoff, etc.</p> <p>(15) IRIS CLEIT, 3 Rue Duphot 1er. 205-35-05. By appt. 3 to 7 p.m.</p> <p>(16) GALERIE ENJANUVEL DAVID
14 Avenue Matignon 16e. 359-84-00.
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Soviet Output Weak in Consumer Sector

MOSCOW, Oct. 23 (AP-DJ).—Soviet production in the consumer sector for the first nine months of the year has been satisfactory overall, but weakness in the priority consumer sector, Pravda, the Communist newspaper, reported this weekend.

According to figures published by the Central Statistical Board today, output so far this year is 8.7 percent higher than in the year ago period. The highest rates of growth were shown by the engineering, chemical, petrochemical and power industries.

There were shortfalls, however, in some industries that the party leadership had promised would show the way into the consumer era. These included shoes, textiles, clothing, radios, televisions and washing machines.

"While industry on the whole has fulfilled its plan in the first nine months," Pravda said, "many enterprises still do not completely use available reserves for further increases in production."

There are shortcomings in the use of productive capacities, work time and raw materials," the newspaper said in a review of the economic performance.

In addition, it complained that "not everywhere is production output assured in the required assortment and quality."

Among the items in short supply is "technological equipment for light industry," which means that automation of industry is lagging, Pravda said.

Great Leap Falls

The great leap forward in consumer goods, promised by party leader Nikita S. Khrushchev and Premier Alexei Kossygin when the five-year plan was announced last year, was to be based on increased automation of light industry. The shortage in this area is an admission that the breakthrough is falling. Among the items mentioned, several not only failed to meet the goals of the plan but fell short of last year's output.

Fewer shoes, televisions, sets and washing machines were produced in the first nine months of this year than in the comparable period last year.

A possible indication of trouble in gathering next year's crop was the fact that 5 percent fewer harvesting combines were turned out this year than last. Shortage of machinery has been a source of complaint in the fields.

Alcan Profit Off

MONTREAL, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—Alcan Aluminum Ltd. profit fell 7.9 percent in the third quarter and 0.8 percent in nine months, the company said today.

Revenue (millions) 397.2 397.3
Profit (millions) 14.0 15.2
Share 0.41 0.44

Revenue (millions) 1,138.5 1,079.5
Profit (millions) 47.3 47.7
Share 1.38 1.39

Money Supply Slows in U.K.

LONDON, Oct. 23 (AP-DJ).—Britain's broadly-defined money supply slowed to an annual rate of about 30 percent in the three months ended Sept. 30, the Bank of England statistics showed today.

This represents a significant deceleration from the April-June annual rate of about 31 percent. The Bank of England has drawn some criticism for letting

the money supply expand so fast when the rate of inflation here is among the highest in Europe. But in a recent speech, Sir Leslie O'Brien, governor of the bank, attributed the phenomenon to a revision in banking regulations about a year ago.

The revision virtually eliminated quantitative limits on bank lending and also qualitative restrictions on the type of borrower. As a result, banks increased their lending drastically, especially for mortgage loans that were previously subject to restrictions.

Bank lending relates directly to the money supply, which includes sight and time deposits, resident-owned foreign currency deposits and notes and coins in circulation.

German Supply Slows

FRANKFURT, Oct. 23 (AP-DJ).—Monetary expansion slowed markedly in West Germany during September, the Bundesbank said today.

The central bank said that the September money supply (currency in circulation plus sight deposits) was 14.2 percent higher than in the like 1971 month, but only marginally up from the August volume.

Japan Aide Sees Curb in Some Exports Soon

TOYOKO, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—Japanese Trade Minister Yasuhiro Uekusa said today he hoped to see certain exports by the end of this month.

He said his ministry is considering the possibility of broadening foreign trade control ordinance the export of tape recorders, bearings, cars, and some other items.

Ministry officials said, however, decision has yet been taken on the application of export controls. They specifically denied press reports that they had decided to invoke the ordinance to set quotas on tape recorder and ball bearing exports to Western Europe and Britain.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Hoechst Plans Stake in Paint Firm

Paintworks Hoechst plans to acquire a majority stake in West Germany's second largest paint manufacturer—the family-owned Kurt Herberts and Co. It will be converted into a private limited company (GmbH) with a capital of 40 million deutsche marks owned 51 percent by Hoechst and 49 percent by the Herberts family. Hoechst will not say how much it will pay for its stake. The two have cooperated for many years and under the new arrangement Herberts will remain an independently run concern. Earlier this year Hoechst expanded its paint interests by taking over Wagemakers Lakhtbrieken of Holland. It already had a substantial interest in the British paint industry through its subsidiary Berger, Jensen & Nicholson.

Telephone Independents to Merge

Continental Telephone and Midcontinent Telephone have agreed in principle to merge. Terms call for the exchange of each share of Midcontinent common for 1.1 shares of Continental common—an exchange worth about \$189 million. Shareholders of both companies will vote on the merger early next year. The combined company would continue with the name Continental Telephone. The combined assets of the two would total \$1.91 billion.

Polaroid to Introduce New Camera

Polaroid will introduce its new instant-picture color camera, SX70 Land camera, Thursday. The camera, so small it can fit in a jacket pocket,

will retail for \$180. After its introduction in the Florida market Nov. 10, the camera may then be introduced in another regional market in late January before being marketed nationally sometime next year. The film will retail for \$8.90 for each pack of ten snapshots. The new system is designed to do away with the present messy method of yanking a film from a bulky camera, waiting for it to develop and then pulling a floppy negative away from the print.

Bank Merger Called Off

Wells Fargo Bank of San Francisco has terminated its agreement to buy the \$1.25 billion First Western Bank & Trust Co. of Los Angeles from World Airways for \$65 million in cash and notes. The plan had been under anti-trust attack by the Justice Department, and its cancellation had long been considered to be a foregone conclusion by banking analysts. A key factor in the failure of the negotiations, according to sources close to the banks, was the political criticism this year of the Justice Department's agreement to settle its anti-trust case against International Telephone & Telegraph—which reportedly made department attorneys unwilling to consider a compromise that the two banks could accept as reasonable.

Sperry to Buy Schlumberger Unit

Schlumberger Ltd. and Sperry Rand Corp. have agreed in principle for Sperry's Univac division to acquire the computer operations and certain assets of EMIS-Computer of Minneapolis, a division of Western Instruments Inc., a Schlumberger subsidiary. Terms were not disclosed.

But Price Unit's Rules Observed

Profits Leap 20%, Survey in U.S. Shows

By Michael C. Jensen

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 (NYT).—Sharply higher profits have been reported by hundreds of corporations in recent weeks, but the Price Commission says there still appears to be good conformity with its rules restricting profit margins. Many of the companies with improved third-quarter earnings have taken advantage of a regulation allowing them to make profits at 1968 and 1969 levels.

Aluminum Co. of America, for example, whose third-quarter profits soared about 500 percent above year-earlier levels, said it still has not reached its profit levels of 1968, 1969, or 1970. Meanwhile First National City Bank said that after-tax profits of U.S. corporations in the third quarter surged 20 percent above the same quarter last year, according to its preliminary survey of 744 companies.

Several economists said in response to a query that they expected overall corporate profits for the quarter to be at least 15 percent higher than year-earlier levels, after all companies have reported.

One aspect of rapidly escalating profits that has puzzled some observers is why earnings are allowed to jump so high when wages must be held to a relatively modest 5.5 percent increase, when price increases are supposed to average only 2.5 percent annually, and when dividends are held to a voluntary 4 percent growth rate.

Both said they are using the 1968-1969 base period for profit margins, and, as well within those limits, despite sharp improvement. They also pointed out that they are comparing current figures to a lackluster third quarter last year.

"We're still not up to our 1969 levels," said a St. Regis official. "But, also, 1971 was a particularly bad period, and we were hit by two major strikes then," he added.

International Paper said part of its improvement came from operations outside the United States, but it also stressed an increase in productivity in its mills and plants.

Chibank said in its survey that strong economic growth had helped

Company Reports

Anacostia			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	246.4	227.1	
Profits (millions)	11.94	15.45	
Per Share	0.55	0.70	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	752.7	719.5	
Profits (millions)	127.83	7.97	
Per Share	5.34	0.36	
Allegheny Power System			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	238.5	235.0	
Profits (millions)	42.39	30	
Per Share	1.71	1.30	
AMF			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	214.7	197.8	
Profits (millions)	13.36	9.87	
Per Share	0.71	0.53	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	653.8	617.9	
Profits (millions)	41.01	30.36	
Per Share	2.19	1.64	
Branch Airways			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	97.4	89.4	
Profits (millions)	5.45	4.95	
Per Share	0.27	0.25	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	227.5	251.2	
Profits (millions)	13.3	6.02	
Per Share	0.66	0.30	
Chrysler			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	2,300.0	1,900.0	
Profits (millions)	31.9	6.3	
Per Share	0.61	0.12	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	7,100.0	5,900.0	
Profits (millions)	135.1	45.4	
Per Share	2.64	0.97	
Clark Equipment			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	223.9	152.3	
Profits (millions)	9.7	6.31	
Per Share	0.73	0.52	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	683.8	531.5	
Profits (millions)	28.96	15.45	
Per Share	2.18	1.30	
Colt Industries			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	165.8	145.5	
Profits (millions)	2.75	1.43	
Per Share	0.25	0.05	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	518.2	490.5	
Profits (millions)	10.89	10.18	
Per Share	1.16	1.05	
Crested Peabody			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	144.0	122.8	
Profits (millions)	3.88	3.8	
Per Share (Diluted)	0.40	0.39	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	394.5	348.9	
Profits (millions)	9.43	7.78	
Per Share	0.94	0.78	
Mobil Oil			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	2,590.0	2,380.0	
Profits (millions)	140.8	134.1	
Per Share	1.38	1.32	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	7,890.0	6,890.0	
Profits (millions)	412.7	391.3	
Per Share	4.06	3.86	
Northwest Industries			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	174.4	163.5	
Profits (millions)	9.31	9.95	
Per Share (Diluted)	0.72	0.87	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	482.2	422.9	
Profits (millions)	22.77	20.87	
Per Share (Diluted)	1.91	1.59	
Magnevac			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	167.2	145.1	
Profits (millions)	4.9	8.0	
Per Share	0.28	0.46	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	478.78	435.16	
Profits (millions)	15.63	22.61	
Per Share	0.89	1.40	
N.A. Phillips			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	151.72	143.24	
Profits (millions)	5.83	4.42	
Per Share	0.65	0.50	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	465.8	410.25	
Profits (millions)	16.58	9.9	
Per Share	1.58	0.78	
Olin			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	337.13	289.98	
Profits (millions)	7.1	5.97	
Per Share	0.30	0.26	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	1,010.29	889.39	
Profits (millions)	25.15	20.76	
Per Share	1.05	0.87	
Pan Am			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	397.1	357.2	
Profits (millions)	20.07	25.54	
Per Share	0.50	0.64	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	995.4	896.0	
Profits (millions)	14.5	13.93	
Per Share	0.36	0.37	
Schlitz (Jos.)			
Third Quarter	1972	1971	
Revenue (millions)	290.2	177.5	
Profits (millions)	13.07	9.98	
Per Share	0.45	0.34	
Nine Months			
Revenue (millions)	893.9	504.1	
Profits (millions)	36.25	27.76	
Per Share	1.25	0.96	

(Continued on P. 11, Col. 4)

U.S. Deficit In Payments Seen Wider

Bank Expects Quarter Gap of \$4.75 Billion

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 (Reuters).—The U.S. balance-of-payments deficit for the third quarter is estimated at \$4.75 billion by economists at Morgan Guaranty Trust Co.

The figure, which does not reflect adjustment for seasonal factors, compares with the deficit of \$700 million recorded in the second quarter.

The bank's publication, World Financial Markets, says virtually the whole third-quarter deficit came in July, "when there were massive short-term capital outflows" following Britain's decision to float the pound. Since the middle of August, it adds, some of the outflow has been reversed. Morgan's estimate brings the official settlements deficit—which measures the dollars held by official foreign institutions—for nine months to about \$3.25 billion, with inflows and outflows of short-term capital about balanced for the period.

For 1972 as a whole, the bank anticipates a deficit in the "basic" balance—comprising trade, tourism and long-term capital flows—of over \$10 billion.

Morgan said it sees the trade position continuing a "moderate" improvement that began in May, and exports for the remainder of 1972 may be expanded by stepped-up exports of agricultural commodities—particularly shipments to the Soviet Union.

One Dollar—

LONDON (AP-DJ).—The late or closing interbank rates for the dollar on the major international exchanges:

	Oct. 23, 1972	Previous
Ster. (per \$)	2.3917	2.3944
Belg. fr. (per \$)	44.15-21	44.125-145
Denk. kr.	16.46-50	16.465-50
Deutsche mark	3.2144-48	3.2085-50
Swiss fr.	2.0055-55	2.0055-55
Yen	360.00-00	360.00-00
Fr. (per \$)	4.975-385	4.975-385
Pr. fr. (per \$)	5.024-0255	5.0145-0185
Guinea	2,225-41	2,225-41
Israeli pound	4.20	4.20
Lira	82.55-85	82.55-85
Peseta	166.66-66	166.66-66
Schilling	22.19-21	22.19-21
Sw. krona	4.7427-37	4.7427-37
Swiss franc	2.0055-55	2.0055-55
Yen	360.00-00	360.00-00

At 11:00 a.m. Commercial

Market Rises Sharply As Peace Hopes Grow

By Vartan G. Vartan

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 (NYT).—New York Stock Exchange prices rallied strongly again today as rumors of a cease-fire in Indochina continued. Glamour issues once again scored the best gains. Prices opened with a rush and reached their highest level at 11 a.m., when the Dow Jones industrial index ran ahead more than 1 1/2.

Prices edged downward during the rest of the session, while hopes for peace continued to run high.

U.S. Controls Seen Staying

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Oct. 23 (AP-DJ).—Leaders of the largest U.S. corporations expect wage-price controls to be a factor in the economy long after the current control law expires April 30. Executives who gathered here over the weekend for the autumn meeting of the elite Business Council generally wanted the controls ended; but many favored and expected to see enacted a system of more relaxed controls, perhaps focusing on certain inflation-prone industries, such as construction.

Others, who believed that "inflationary psychology" still is a powerful force in the economy, strongly advocated continuing the controls.

Among the highlights of the semiannual meeting were: A plea from a delegation of top administration officials that the President is determined to avoid a tax increase by holding down spending through a combination of bill vetoes and a decision to impound congressional appropriations funds.

An opinion by economic consultants to the council that they expect the "current strength in business to continue" well into 1973, with some slowdown possible toward the end of next year.

A statement by Peter Commission chairman C. Jackson Grayson Jr. that the panel is mapping control plans for 1973, although Donald Rumsfeld, director of the Cost of Living Council, said Mr. Nixon has not decided the future of the stabilization program.

The blue-chip Dow finished at 851.31 with a gain of 3.50. It was a market where traders, figuratively speaking, kept looking toward Vietnam amid expectations that progress is being made on a cease-fire. Rumors and conjecture were rampant in the absence of any official pronouncements of peace.

The market, in a sense, picked up where it left off on Friday, when the Dow rose 10.89 fueled by an unconfirmed report that the United States and North Vietnam have virtually agreed on a cease-fire throughout Indochina on Nov. 1.

Glamour stock benefited from a combination of broker recommendations, short-covering activity, new investment demand and the belief—in some quarters—that they will lead any real peace rally, at least on a short-term basis.

Among the big boomers were Texas Instruments, up 7 1/8 to 174 1/2, and Polaroid, up 6 3/8 to 182. Providing an extra burst to Polaroid was the expectation concerning the company's new SX-70 color camera slated for national marketing in 1973.

Other gainers included Xerox, up 4 3/8 to 161 3/8; Disney, 3 1/4 to 168 1/4; Fairchild Camera, 3 to 50 1/2 on the active list; and Corning Glass Works, 3 1/4 to 242 3/4.

The market action of International Business Machines symbolized the growing confidence of investors. IBM moved up 3 1/2 to 390 1/2, helped by a number of buy recommendations from broker houses.

Only one week earlier—when the Dow had ended some 30 points lower than today in a nervous Monday session—IBM plummeted 14 1/2 amid a potential Justice Department threat to break up the company.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Continued from preceding page										-1772- Stocks and Bonds - High, Low, Last, Change										-1772- Stocks and Bonds - High, Low, Last, Change									
Melville	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
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McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
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McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
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McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
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McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
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McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
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McKee	2120	19	52	51	52	164	14	14	14	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	4				

U.S. Commodity Prices

[illegible]

Jul	10.00	10.05	9.99	10.08	99.92	CH
Aug	10.05	10.07	10.02	10.06	99.93	Gul
Sep	10.06	10.08	10.05	10.06	99.95	Am

[illegible]

LIVE BEEF CATTLE		BONDED		NATURAL		CORN	
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15

to High and Low									
NEW HIGHS-7									
Orchard Ind	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Harlem Ind	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Manhattan Ind	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
Harlem Ind	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Manhattan Ind	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
Harlem Ind	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73
Manhattan Ind	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82
Harlem Ind	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Manhattan Ind	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Harlem Ind	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109
Manhattan Ind	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118
Harlem Ind	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127
Manhattan Ind	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
Harlem Ind	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145
Manhattan Ind	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
Harlem Ind	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163
Manhattan Ind	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172
Harlem Ind	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181
Manhattan Ind	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
Harlem Ind	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199
Manhattan Ind	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208
Harlem Ind	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217
Manhattan Ind	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226
Harlem Ind	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235
Manhattan Ind	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244
Harlem Ind	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253
Manhattan Ind	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262
Harlem Ind	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271
Manhattan Ind	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280
Harlem Ind	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289
Manhattan Ind	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298
Harlem Ind	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307
Manhattan Ind	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316
Harlem Ind	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325
Manhattan Ind	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334
Harlem Ind	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343
Manhattan Ind	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352
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Harlem Ind	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379
Manhattan Ind	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388
Harlem Ind	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397
Manhattan Ind	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406
Harlem Ind	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415
Manhattan Ind	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424
Harlem Ind	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	

Company Reports

(Continued from Page 9)

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International

Dow Jones Averages			
Open	High	Low	Close
952.11	949.31	945.21	941.31
112.40	112.40	112.40	112.40
332.24	331.30	326.65	329.30

Standard & Poor's			
High	Low	Close	N.Y.
124.10	122.34	122.34	122.34
41.65	41.65	41.65	41.65
57.52	57.52	57.52	57.52
111.19	109.51	110.34	111.19

A-List Trading in N.Y.			
Shares	Bids	Sales	High
20	211.42	212.80	212.80
10	215.70	215.70	215.70
10	215.70	215.70	215.70
10	215.70	215.70	215.70
10	215.70	215.70	215.70

International Stock Indexes			
Index	Point	Per cent	High
Amsterdam	126.50	137.70	126.50
Brussels	130.00	131.00	131.00
Frankfurt	104.57	109.00	104.57
London	247.21	247.21	247.21
Madrid	126.00	126.00	126.00
Paris	128.00	128.00	128.00
Rome	126.00	126.00	126.00
Stockholm	126.00	126.00	126.00
Switzerland	126.00	126.00	126.00
Tokyo	126.00	126.00	126.00
Warsaw	126.00	126.00	126.00
Zurich	126.00	126.00	126.00

Food.			
Item	Price	Per cent	High
Wheat	126.50	137.70	126.50
Corn	130.00	131.00	131.00
Soybeans	104.57	109.00	104.57
Wheat	247.21	247.21	247.21
Corn	126.00	126.00	126.00
Soybeans	128.00	128.00	128.00
Wheat	126.00	126.00	126.00
Corn	126.00	126.00	126.00
Soybeans	126.00	126.00	126.00
Wheat	126.00	126.00	126.00
Corn	126.00	126.00	126.00
Soybeans	126.00	126.00	126.00

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International Bonds Traded in Europe

[illegible]

European Gold Markets

	Op.	Cl.	N.C.
London	\$4.93	\$4.90	— 0.20
Rich	\$4.90	\$4.83	— 0.18
Paris (12.5 Kilb) ...	65.89	65.39	— 0.48
U.S. dollars per ounce.			

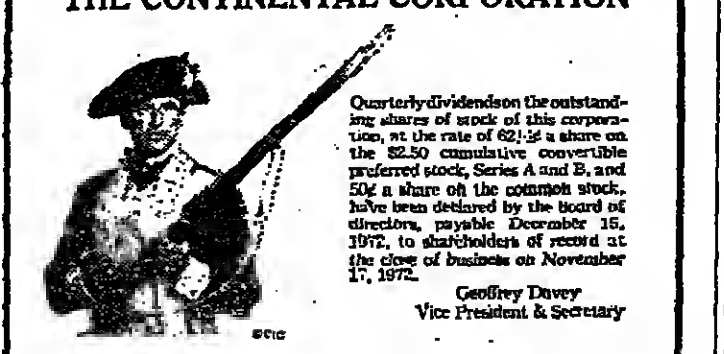
Eurodollars

	Bid	Asked	Chas. B. Smith
7 Day Fix	6 1/8	6 3/8	4 1/2
One Month	5 1/8	5 1/4	4 1/2
3 Months	0	6 1/8	4 1/2
6 Months	8 1/4	6 3/8	4 1/2
One Year	6 1/2	0 5/8	4 1/2

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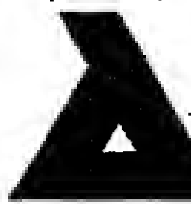
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A's Discover Togetherness

Baseball Mustache Petes Find Harmony After Series Victory

By Bob Addie

MINNAPOLI, Oct. 23 (UPI)—In the World Series, the Cincinnati Reds, who won the seventh game, 3-2, brought back the clubhouse atmosphere of the clubhouse if not on the field, they lacked all year. American League champion Cincinnati's mustache petes of the world, hugged and kissed each other in a beautiful brotherly love. The prospect of a 2000-a-man reward, a prize of a million dollars, for the "best baseball team in the world" was a big part of the reason for the celebration.

Anderson, manager of the Reds, shouldered his way through the mob outside the clubhouse. He was the first to embrace the players.

Anderson, who was the first to embrace the players, said: "I did it, Dick," said Anderson. "Congratulations to you and your team. You deserved it."

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seven games. The Reds lost to the Baltimore Orioles in seven games in 1970.

A key decision was made by Williams in the eighth inning when the Reds had Pete Rose on third and Joe Morgan on second with one out. The best batter was slugging catcher Johnny Bench.

"I broke a lifelong rule," said Williams. "I have always said that I would never put the winning run on base. So here we were ahead in the eighth by 3-1. The Reds had two on and I put the winning run on—but I was determined Bench's bat wouldn't beat me."

"I'll tell you an odd thing," a dejected Bench said in the Cincinnati clubhouse. "I went to dinner Saturday night with Reggie Jackson (Oakland's hard-hitting outfielder who was hurt in the playoffs and did not play in the Series). I told Reggie: 'If the situation comes up where the A's are going to be my turn. He got me twice and I owe him one. Sure enough, it happened in the eighth inning. As I was going to the plate I glanced into the Oakland dugout and there was Reggie smiling and shaking his head as if to say, 'You called it. I called it all right, but I didn't get a chance to hit.'"

Bench summed up the A's victory: "I think this is a bigger disappointment for us than 1970 because this time we were sure we were the better ball club and

the favorite. But I must respect the A's and their execution. They didn't make many mistakes. They are a very sound ball club and they didn't beat themselves. They kept our front man off base for most of the Series and we couldn't execute our running game."

Gene Tenace, the obscure handyman of the A's, proved the hitting hero of the Series. The 26-year-old native of Ohio, once passed up by Cincinnati scouts when he was playing American Legion ball because "He'll never make it," won the Sport Magazine car as the most valuable player of the Series. Tenace, who hit four homers in the Series, kept his hero role with a single and double in the last game, driving in two runs before he gave way to a pinch-runner in the sixth.

Tenace's teammates taunted him: "This is the first time anybody ever won the car and didn't go home mad," Tenace said. He hit an unspectacular 226 with five homers and 32 runs batted in this season. In the seven World Series games, he hit 248 with eight hits in 23 times at bat. He had four homers, one double and nine runs batted in.

"Tenace hit mistakes," observed Bench, who hastened to add: "I got a lot of mistakes to hit, too, and didn't hit them. What I mean is that when a batter hits a home run, it's generally on a mistake and rarely on a good pitch. By a mistake, I mean a hanging curve or getting the ball out to the middle of the plate instead of inside or outside. But I'm not taking anything away from Tenace. He made the most of his opportunities and we didn't."

"I wasn't worried about playing first base," said Tenace. "After all, I was signed as a shortstop and I even pitched in the minors. There's no position I haven't played."

Fingers, who did another fine job of relief pitching, said that he had "a momentary terror" in the ninth when Pete Rose lined to left field for the final out.

"I wasn't going to give Rose any breaking stuff," Fingers said. "He handles that too well. I was determined to throw him nothing but fast balls, which I did. When the ball left the bat, I was praying Joe (Rudi) was in the valley. He was."

The A's apparently felt vindicated for having been taken so lightly by the Reds. They had won when I read that the major leaguers (the Reds) were playing the little leaguers (A's)," said Fingers. "I never like to rip anybody. They might wake up."

Championship kept popping all over the Oakland clubhouse and it began to resemble an old-country wedding as everyone kissed everyone else after a champagne baptism. In the shower, a quartet rendered the national anthem, softly, not boisterously.

Harmon, in the Oakland clubhouse at last.

When it came to hitting home runs, and I just got into a streak. It was the perfect time to do it."

As for being the hero, Tenace said he didn't feel like one.

"It takes 25 players to win the Series," he said. "Fortunately, I had a tremendous Series. But as far as being a hero, I don't look at it that way. It's not going to change anything. I'm still going to be me."

For the hero, Tenace said he didn't feel like one.

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BUBBLING OVER—Oakland owner Charles O. Finley is drenched by champagne in clubhouse after A's seventh game World Series victory over Cincinnati, 3-2. Left is starting pitcher John (Blue Moon) Odom and right is third baseman Sal Bando.

A's Owner Disregards His Critics

Triumphant Finley Is Magnanimous

By Murray Chass

CINCINNATI, Oct. 23 (UPI)—When Pete Rose's fly ball settled in Joe Rudi's glove in left field in the ninth inning yesterday, Charles O. Finley grabbed his wife, Shirley, and gave her the biggest kiss since he was married.

Then the controversial owner of the Oakland A's jumped up on top of the A's dugout, helped his wife up with him and waved his arms in jubilation over his team's World Series victory.

Several minutes later, he walked into the team's clubhouse, his shoulders slumped from nervous fatigue and his hoarse voice filled with sobs. The first player he saw was Gene Tenace, the Series hero, and he embraced him warmly. Then several other players saw Finley and they began pouring California champagne over his balding head and his green blazer.

Whether the players bathed him with champagne out of familial love or devilish dislike couldn't be determined. But both feelings toward their employer—love and hate—exist among the A's because those are the widely divergent feelings Finley evokes.

Opposing Views

People who have benefited from Finley's paternalistic generosity speak fondly of him. "He's the fairest man I've ever worked for in baseball," said Vern Heisch, an Oakland coach who's been in the game since 1941. But those who aren't so fortunate or aren't favored by Finley speak with invective. "Charles has only one fault," Bob Elson, one of the team's former announcers, has said. "He doesn't treat people like human beings."

As a result of his brash, sometimes crude ways, Finley has been considered an outcast by his fellow owners ever since he purchased the club, which then was in Kansas City, in 1961.

Despite his critics, though, Finley took a fonder, though less place club, battled his way out of Kansas City to Oakland in 1968, and built an organization that today reigns as the No. 1 team in baseball.

The team is strictly a Finley family production. Finley himself owns 30 percent, his wife owns another 30 percent and their seven children (two daughters and five sons ranging in age from 14 to 30) own the remaining 40 percent.

They could outvote me anytime they want, but they'll never get anyone to work as cheaply as I do," says Finley, who takes no pay for his job as president, general manager and all-around dictator of everything that happens in the A's organization.

There are many people who believe the 54-year-old Finley goes so far as to manage the club, but both he and Dick Williams, the field manager, deny that suggestion.

"We discuss strategy," Williams concedes, "but I make out the line-up and I make the maneuvers on the field."

This much-maligned man, Charles O. Finley, was born Feb. 23, 1918, in Birmingham, Ala., to Oscar and Burness Finley. Young Charles followed his father into the steel mills the ones played the infield for and managed a team in the Gary, Ind., Industrial Baseball League, but in 1946 he got into the insurance business and now heads his own successful Chicago company.

From his insurance profits, Finley, a resident of LaPorte, Ind., purchased the baseball club and in more recent years added the California Golden Seals of the National Hockey League and the Memphis Tams of the American Basketball Association to his collection.

Throughout his 12 years in baseball, Finley has made suggestions that he has contended would benefit the game, but he always has been ridiculed for them.

Nevertheless, some of the ideas, such as playing mid-week World Series games at night, have been adopted.

In his comments about Finley, his critics began calling him "Charles O." as a form of derision, but Finley eventually accepted the name as a term of endearment. "Charles O." is written on the cuffs of his pinstriped shirts and he even gave that name to his mule, the team mascot. At times, it appears that he is fond of the mule as he is of the name.

But in victory yesterday, Finley refused to discuss his critics, declined to let the World Series championship as a platform from which he could have the last laugh on them.

"In my first two or three years in baseball, the barbs worried me," Finley said, occasionally interrupting his comments to seek out and douse players and writers with champagne. "But now I just read them and smile."

Some of the most severe criticism has come from baseball people who laughed at Finley for being his own general manager. The A's used to have general managers, but Finley got rid of them all and finally decided he could do the job as well as anyone. And surprisingly, he has.

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Finley, a resident of LaPorte, Ind., purchased the baseball club and in more recent years added the California Golden Seals of the National Hockey League and the Memphis Tams of the American Basketball Association to his collection.

Throughout his 12 years in baseball, Finley has made suggestions that he has contended would benefit the game, but he always has been ridiculed for them.

Nevertheless, some of the ideas, such as playing mid-week World Series games at night, have been adopted.

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Art Buchwald

Vietnamese Elections

WASHINGTON—If and when there is over a peace agreement on Vietnam there will be new elections. The United States is preparing for this eventuality and is now holding classes in Saigon for Vietnamese politicians.

The instructors are on loan from the Committee to Re-Elect the President.

"Now, gentlemen, these are the materials absolutely essential for an open and free election. This is the Mark IV Bugging Device which can be placed in your opponent's office so you know what he is up to."

"Ah, so, instructor, but we have no money to buy such expensive equipment."

"Then you must find the money before the election."

"It is very difficult to get money in South Vietnam for a presidential election."

"It depends on how you go about it, Col. Tho. The first thing you do is set up committees with innocent names like the Viet Cong for 'Thien,' or the Committee to Stimulate the Opposition for 'Thien.' You go to manufacturing groups, dairy men, importers, exporters, bankers and land owners and make them contribute 10 million dollars to your party."

"That is good. Then we take the money and spend it on the election?"

"No, general, you do not take the money and spend it on the election. You have to protect this money."

"Harper's Bazaar Publisher Fired"

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 (AP)—James Brady was fired Friday as publisher and editorial director of Harper's Bazaar.

In an interview, Mr. Brady said: "I didn't know until I came in to work this morning. Then I had a hand-delivered letter from [Richard] Deans, president of the magazine division of Hearst Corp."

Mr. Brady took over from publisher Gordon Morford and editor-in-chief Nancy White Aug. 16, 1971.

people who gave the money. So you need your Minister of Commerce with a black satchel to pick up the money by hand. He takes the satchel by jeep to Da Nang, where it is taken to Hue. In Hue it is taken by water buffalo to the Mekong Delta. There it is packed in bags of rice and shipped to Mexico. The money is put in a secret Mexican bank account and withdrawn a week later. It is flown back to Saigon and placed in the safe of the Minister of Commerce, and then, and only then, will it be disbursed for the campaign."

"Honorable Instructor, what do we spend the money on?"

"Bugging equipment, tape machines, miniature cameras, disappearing ink, forged letters, pistols—the usual paraphernalia that anyone needs for a free and open election. Now once you have the equipment, you need volunteers to get your candidate elected. You have to be very selective. You want people with police and security experience, men who have worked in intelligence and espionage. They will be the key figures in the campaign. Yes, Maj. Kai?"

"Will these men go out and make speeches for the candidate?"

"No, damn it! They will remain under cover. You will use them to infiltrate the opposition. Their job will be to cause chaos in the enemy camp. They will report directly to the Palace on anything they hear. This information will then be used against the opposition."

"Suppose they are discovered by the opposition?"

"Then the case will be taken over by your Minister of Justice who will deal with it at the appropriate time."

"That's a stupid question, general. It will be dealt with after the election."

"Forgive me, Honorable Instructor, I was not thinking."

"It's all right. You people are new at holding democratic elections and I can't blame you if you don't know all the rules. Now are there any other questions?"

"Honorable Instructor, suppose the Saigon press discovers that we are involved in these things? Suppose they make a big stink about what we have been doing? What do we do then?"

"You deny it! Class dismissed!"

Why the Swiss Kept the Cavalry

By William Tuohy

BERN—On a main street in Bern, next to a modern office building, is a military installation which might have stepped straight out of the 19th century.

Inside are scores of brick stables, painted green, a veterinary hospital, dozens of training carriages, paddocks, riding ring and jumping course. And 400 military horses.

This is the headquarters for the Swiss Dragoons, the last cavalry force left in Europe. Until early this month, it looked as if even the Swiss were to lose their mounted troops in favor of more modern units.

The campaign against the Dragoons began in March when Defense Minister Rudolf Gnani announced plans to disband the cavalry to strengthen armored units which are short of men.

The cavalry huffs struck back. Petitions protesting the decision were signed by 432,000 (of 6.5 million) Swiss citizens. Support for the Dragoons was of every political stripe: it came from the right (rural conservatives with an emotional attachment to the mounted troops) and the left, which views the cavalry as the least formidable branch of the military.

The Vote

Faced with this unexpected display of public sentiment, the Swiss lower house of parliament voted on Oct. 2 (Oct. 4) to retain the cavalry, but reduced it from 18 to 12 squadrons, with a total of 2,600 men, as opposed to a former strength of 3,500.

The compromise pleases neither the cavalry proponents who think the 12 squadrons are too few to be effective, nor



The armor advocate, who sees the Dragoons as a useless anachronism.

"The rationale for this decision is purely emotional and political, not military," says one Defense Ministry official. "We should have kept a few platoons for ceremonial purposes. Now we have to find additional manpower for the two new armor battalions."

In contrast, Col. Josef Loewer, a professional cavalryman and the post-veteran, argues: "It's a silly country like Switzerland, horses can get through terrain and snow that bog down vehicles. And horses don't run out of fuel."

"The cavalry can use our forests along the frontier for cover from enemy fire. The Dragoons carry automatic rifles, light machine guns and bazookas—as much as light infantry. We think the cavalry should be retained because a military force shouldn't put all its eggs in one basket."

Active Duty

The Swiss Army, somewhat like Israel's, is mostly a ready-reserve force, with about 600 full-time officers and 600 noncommissioned officers. At any given time, the number of men on active duty is about 30,000. Though 500,000 men can be quickly mobilized, about 150 cavalrymen are assigned to reconnaissance duty on maneuvers with divisional troops.

Sentiment and polemic aside, it is unlikely that the usefulness of the cavalry in a modern war will ever be put to the test. The Swiss Army has not fought a battle since 1815.

Be that as it may, each year the government buys 600 to 650 horses for the cavalry. After they have been trained

by instructors in Bern, they are sent to Dragoon regiments for about half a year.

The Dragoon spends the last three weeks of his four-month basic course with his newly purchased mount and then goes on reserve duty taking his horse and his weapons home with him.

In the past, Swiss cavalrymen, like their counterparts in other countries, considered themselves the elite of the armed forces. Some Dragoons still go, emphasizing their Korpsgeist or esprit de corps.

Since Dragoons must look after their own horses, they tend to come from well-to-do families which can afford stables or farm homes with farms.

This of course makes the Dragoons highly visible in their local communities. They appear at country fairs and are always ready to turn out for parades or horse shows.

Perhaps this explains why many Swiss share the sentiments of the chief of staff, Georg Vischer, who, when he heard that the cavalry was to be disbanded, said: "Our Dragoons, until now linked to nature through the noble horse, will in the future have to live with a congregation of steel, electronics and grease without a soul."

Even Col. (ret.) Pierre de Munnich, who as commander of the cavalry and mechanized troops from 1968 to 1971, was responsible for modernizing the cavalry, still thinks "there's a place in this country for the cavalry" although "we need our tanks."

Then, sitting back in his study, surrounded by members of his days as a Dragoon officer, he puffed at his pipe and mused:

"Armor is efficient and necessary. But the cavalry, ah, the cavalry is beautiful!"

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PEOPLE: Soviet Chess Expert's Kind Word for Fischer

Bobby Fischer deserved to beat Boris Spassky for the world chess championship, says a Soviet player who once held the title himself. Vasily Smyslov said the American was better prepared for the match than Spassky, who let the Soviet ally from 60-62 years ago, the first time in 24 years, "he played more practically and economically." Smyslov said admiringly of Fischer: "Thanks to his enormous capacity for work, Fischer prepared various opening systems and demonstrated brilliant technique, particularly in the positions he has studied. Perhaps Spassky underrated Fischer, thinking that many of his reputed merits were no more than self-praise for the sake of publicity, and that he, Spassky, was sure to win." Smyslov, who was world champion from 1957 to 1959, was quoted from Moscow by Tass, said Fischer's "victory over Boris Spassky was a well-deserved one. Smyslov won the world championship in 1957."

Meanwhile, the president of the San Paulo chess federation said Fischer may play 30 of Spassky's chess games, including the famous "Immortal" game, the 1927 match between Fischer and Jose Guimaraes, said international president Jose Guimaraes had asked Fischer to visit Brazil and Fischer accepted, but the date and the prize were still to be determined.

Keeping it clean. In Midland, South Africa, the owner of a "clean" house, David, has been forced to change a name around the nude figure of a woman, which was placed in a local magazine. Mr. Allen Shotton, owner of a hairdressing salon, was ordered last week to remove the statue from his window as it was "indecent" under a new law covering objects that are "obscene, indecent, objectionable or undesirable, or which may affect public morals, good, safety, manner or decorum." The three-foot statue is still in the window place but with a gauze cloth knitted around the statue.

Friends at Denver's Station No. 11 banded on the city five departments, "Chief, give 10 in public money. The Chief, while another said you could be right on the money and sleep on the bones, had spent the

night at the city dog pound, being picked up without a tag.

For 20 years May Bachelet London longed for a dog at a seaside. Now she has the best thing—a bottle filled with water, sand, shells and a seed to stuff. The bottle was a kind birthday present from the Samaritans, a charity organization for whom Mrs. Bachelet has made more than 5,000 dolls for Christmas raffles. Mrs. Bachelet suffers from fear of open spaces and has been terrified to leave her home for decades. When she confided in the Samaritans, they came to the bottle. "It has done more for me than any bottle of pills could have done," she said.

This 10-year-old fifth-grader in Huntington, West Virginia, stands 4-feet-8, but Doug Adams has no trouble with the big kids—he's a karate expert. "I know I can take care of myself against anybody," Doug, 10, told a reporter of any size. Doug, however, is a basketball star. With Chamberlain, he holds a black belt in Tae Kwon Do, a South Korean form of karate. "I think it's fun," Doug said. "It's a good way to learn how to protect yourself and to control your anger. It's just good around." Doug's father, William, wanted his boys to learn karate for just three reasons. "First, it was something we could all do together," he said. "And it's a good way for someone to know how to take care of himself in today's world. Second, it's a noble sport. Karate, judo, jujitsu, and other martial arts are not just about fighting. They are about discipline, respect, and self-control. Third, it's a good way to learn how to control your anger. It's just good around." 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